



Strictly Cash Market

Every Day is
Marigold Day

Try the New Nut Marigold Product

Spread it on your bread,
gems, muffins, etc., and
use it in your cooking.

A WONDERFUL COCOANUT AND VEGETABLE OIL PRODUCT

BUSINESS HOURS—8:00 a. m. to 5:00 p. m.
Saturdays 8:00 a. m. to 8:00 p. m.

F. H. MILKS Phone No. 2

WHY YOU SHOULD Eat More Bread

Because Ten cents worth of flour contains
17 times as much energy as the
same amount of eggs.
15 times as much as steak.
6 times as much as pork.
3 times as much as rice.
2½ times as much as potatoes.
Twice as much as beans.

The above figures are from government tests of the relative food values of the different articles of diet.

Our Bread is Perfect Bread

Every process of its manufacture has been reduced to an exact science. When you eat our bread you KNOW you are getting the MOST and the BEST for your money.

Model Bakery THOS. CASSIDY, Proprietor
THE HOME OF PURITY AND QUALITY

LILY WHITE

The Flour the Best Cooks Use

FOR SALE IN SINGLE
SACKS TO BARREL LOTS

M. A. ATKINSON, Grocer

Phone 313, South Side

Prompt delivery to any part of the city

Patronize the Merchants that Advertise.

War Can't Stop Us

It makes no difference in our appetites for good eats.
But the question of the hour is, "where
to get good, satisfying eats at
medium prices."

We Have the Answer

It is plainly in evidence in every
part of our store. It consists of

Fresh Groceries Clean Groceries
Pure Groceries Very Moderate Prices

And the smiles of many satisfied customers is the best
of proof that we make good on every claim.

H. Petersen, Grocer

Phone No. 25

Open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays 8 to 8

REGISTRANTS CALLED IN CLASS ONE

BOARD COMPLETES CLASSIFICATION OF REGISTRANTS

Orders Issued to Appear For Examination Beginning Feb. 2th.

The local Draft board have completed their work of classification of the registered men of Crawford county and issued orders for their appearance for examinations, to begin Monday, Feb. 2 of twenty each day thereafter until the list is completed.

In all there are 107 entered in class 1, and unless the district draft board grants deferred classification in some upon claims of industrial or agricultural enterprises, the list will remain as it appears below. It is probable that many of such claims will be allowed. Next will come the grid of physical examinations. These no doubt, will eliminate some from service. Those in class one are as follows:

Hans P. W. Nelson
Clarence W. Riggs
Benjamin H. Hoxton
Phillip J. Florreich
Floyd Beach
John R. Armstrong
James P. Scott
George E. Skingley
Clyde Smith
George Walde
Eddie Graham
Oscar Parsons
Edward James Cross
Fred W. Brown
Isaac Sampee
Lewis Beach Jr.
Harry Sorenson
Francis P. Decker
Alba F. Richardson
John E. Lake
Frank C. Barnes
Frank C. Foreman
Oscar Deckrow
Bernie E. Callahan
Philip Cavanaugh
Wilhelm H. Andreason
Herbert B. Trudeau

Milo V. Scott
Joe Kspl
Ernest Larson
Ernest Barber
John J. McGillis
Oria M. Potter
Stanley Smith
Carl W. Johnson
Joseph Kolka
Albert P. Feldhauser
Adolph Sauer
Philip Y. VanPatten
Archie A. Lovely
Andrew Simpson
Herman Manzkae
Peter E. Babcock
Robert W. Marshall
Jerome Wheeler
George F. Burns
Elmer H. Vanasse
Oscar B. Smith
Joseph P. Royce
Benjamin Landsberg
Frank Belknap
Albert L. Perry
William Simpkins
Elmer L. Neal
James H. Brown
Nicholas Shellenbarger
Benjamin A. Laurent
William Eckhoff
John Surday
Eugene Smith
Harold T. Skingley
Clarence B. Burgher
Fred Stanley Hunter
Will J. Lauder
Sanford Munroe
Lawrence Malloy
Adolph C. Peterson
Ernest S. Carr
Gert H. Nelson
Ralph F. Ahlgreen
Neil McDaniel
Frank H. Clayton
Daniel J. Moshier
Harold E. Gregory
Fred Kneth
Marlin Maxwell
Archie McLeod
Clyde F. King
Henry C. Davis
Ferdinand F. Lapeen
Paul S. Sivraia
Gus W. Brunzell
Herman Schreiber
Anthony J. Neilson
Leroy H. Ball
Basil Graham
John M. Wheeler
Albert J. Charron
William E. Buchanan
Elmer West
William McDaniel
Carl R. Christenson
Oria A. Haynor
John Malloy
Emil Geigling
Henning C. Jorgenson
Alfred B. Hanson
Ebbon L. Lagrow
Henry Joseph
Herbert H. Feldhauser
William Waldbauer
Einar Rasmussen
Clau Cardinal
Joe LaBue
Guy G. Pringle
Sigvard A. Malmoe
James Cathbertson
Arthur Johnson

American Defense Society Warning

Every German or Austrian in the United States, unless known by years of association to be absolutely loyal, should be treated as a potential spy.

Be on the alert. Keep your eyes and ears open. Take nothing for granted. Energy and alertness may save the life of your son, your husband or your brother.

The enemy is engaged in making war in this country, in transmitting news to Berlin and in spreading peace propaganda as well as lies about the condition and morale of American military forces.

Whenever any suspicious act or disloyal word comes to your notice, communicate at once with the police department.

SHERIFF HEADQUARTERS
Telephone 77

From Commission on Training Camp Activities

Washington, Jan. 29.—The Smilge book is already proving one of the biggest hits of any of the official plans for the soldiers, according to reports to the Military Entertainment council, appointed by the Secretary of War. Smilge books are camp theater passes for soldiers in the Army camps and National Guard camp. The books, containing coupons, may be purchased singly or in quantities and sent to soldiers either by name or in greater number for general distribution, as passes to all camp shows in the liberty theaters built by the Government.

Under the Smilge plan, some of the best laugh producers in the country will tour the thirty-two big soldier camps to provide entertainment for the men in khaki. The date of the beginning of the formal drive all over the country for the sale of Smilge books was definitely announced as Jan. 28. Governors of several states have wired their approval of the plan and are appointing entertainment councils to conduct the work in their respective commonwealths. St. Paul has already ordered 5,000 Smilge books; Minneapolis has placed an order for 7,000.

The plan has not only received the approval of the Secretary of War and enthusiastic endorsement of the soldiers themselves, but the unqualified recommendation of the officers in charge of the camp.

Maj. Gen. Hugh S. Scott, the old Indian fighter and former chief of staff of the Army of the United States, now in command of the 78th division at Camp Dix, has written the following letter to the commission of Training camp activities:

"It is of great interest to me to learn of your plan to place Smilge books on sale in connection with Government theaters. I can heartily endorse a scheme which puts before the men of my Command an opportunity to attend clean and interesting plays and entertainments. Their hours of drill and work are long, but leave time during which it is to everyone's advantage that the enlisted men be entertained, particularly in view of the great change in condition under which the soldier lives as contrasted with those to which he was formerly accustomed in civil life."

Lieut. Hardin Sweeney Starts For France.

Charlotte, N. C.
Jan. 16, 1918.

Dear mother:—
Your letter, written to Camp Pike, reached me at Memphis Tennessee. The morning I reached Memphis they were having a regular northeasterly blizzard. Trains were delayed and everything except freight was held up. It took me four days to make a thirty six hour journey.

It has been raining here steadily and mud is ankle-deep in camp.

I shipped my trunk to you. Keep it for me as I do not know when I will need the contents. My typewriter was expressed to you today, and later I will send other things. Please keep them for me also. One thing I wish you would do. Take my sabbre out of the trunk, unsheathe it and keep it so until these U. S. A. whips Germany to a stand still and then I will give you instructions what to do.

Soon my letters will be headed, (Somewhere). Conditions here are very poor. I am writing this letter in a hotel in Charlotte, because facilities at camp are nil. Did Eddy get exempted from the draft.

Address me,
1st Lt. 7th M. G. B.,
Camp Greene, N. C.
Your son,
Hardin.

Report of Sale of Xmas Seals.

To the People of Crawford County:
I wish to thank you all for your patronage in making the Christmas and New Year seal sale for 1917 a success. It is gratifying to know it has been the banner year of Crawford county, and I wish to thank the Boy Scouts for their efforts in making this a success, and also Mr. O. J. Heber of Frederic and the teachers in the county for their assistance.

The amount of seals sold was \$111.00 of which one third went to the Michigan Anti-Tuberculosis association at Ann Arbor. The remaining two thirds, less the expense was turned over to the Goodfellowship club.

The Boy Scouts winning prizes for the sales are as follows: Howard Peterson, first prize; Marius Isley, second prize; Archie Adams, third prize. And the following report has been turned over to the Goodfellowship club.

Yours respectfully,
P. G. Zalsman.

Grayling, Mich.
Jan. 28, 1918.

To the Ladies of the Goodfellowship club:

I wish to submit the following report of the sale of Christmas and New Year seals:

Total sold in the city..... \$ 73.00
Total sold outside city..... 38.00

Total for County..... 111.00

Remitted to Ann Arbor

33 1/3 per cent..... \$ 37.00

Remitted to Ann Arbor for

Expenses and postage..... 2.30

P. G. Zalsman, postage..... 1.25

P. G. Zalsman, 2 telephone

calls to Frederic @ 10c..... .20

1st prize, Fountain pen..... 1.50

2nd prize, book..... .50

3rd prize, book..... .25

Amount on hand..... 68.00

Total..... \$111.00

Enclosed find check for \$68.00.

Yours respectfully,
P. G. Zalsman.

Boy Scouts Hear Local Speakers.

At a regular meeting of the Boy Scouts last Wednesday evening there were 35 present.

Mrs. S. N. Insley, president of the Goodfellowship club was present

and gave the boys some very good advice. Next week Wednesday evening

Feb. 6th Rev. A. Mitchell, will entertain the boys and the following Wednesday evening Feb. 13th Rev. Fr. J.

J. Riess, will be present. It is the wish of the Scout master that their boys be present at these meetings. All

boys between the ages of 12 and 18 years can join the scouts, which only

costs 25 cents for registration fee and 5 cents a month dues. Let your boy

join the Scouts.

Farmers Attention.

Seed corn is going to be very scarce

and some are going to be left out.

If you will drop me a card telling

me how much you will need, I will try

and locate seed for the farmers of

Crawford and Roscommon Counties.

Wm. F. Johnston,
Agricultural agent,
Roscommon Mich.

Emil Kraus

The Best in Dry
Goods, Shoes and
Wearing Apparel

Grayling's Leading Dry Goods
and Clothing Store

Save

1-wheat
use more corn

2-meat
use more fish & beans

3-fats
use just enough

4-sugar
use syrups

and serve
the cause of freedom

U. S. FOOD ADMINISTRATION

Avalanche Want Ads Bring
Quick Results

Ford

THE UNIVERSAL CAR

It's no longer necessary to go into the details describing the practical merits of the Ford car—everybody knows all about "The Universal Car." How it goes and comes day after day and year after year at an operating expense so small that it's wonderful. This advertisement is to urge prospective buyers to place orders without delay as the war has produced conditions which may interfere with normal production. Buy a Ford car when you can get one. We'll take good care of your order—get your Ford to you soon as possible—and give the best in "after-service" when required.

GEORGE BURKE, Grayling, Michigan.

TWO CUSTER UNITS ARE QUARANTINED

6,000 MEN ORDERED QUARANTINED WHEN NEW CASES OF MENINGITIS APPEAR.

SMALLPOX WELL SCATTERED

Health Board Plans Energetic Move to Stamp Out the Disease Throughout State.

Lansing.

More than 6,000 men of the 58th division were ordered into quarantine following the appearance of three new cases of spinal meningitis. There are now nine cases of the dreaded disease at the base hospital.

Two infantry regiments, the 337th and the 358th and the depot brigade, are affected by the new order which provides that the men cannot leave camp and cannot attend military classes or otherwise mingle with those from other organizations. It is stated by the division surgeon that the disease was brought into camp by men sent here from other barracks. No previous cases of the disease have been reported from the division.

Within less than two weeks after the new orders were given quarters, however, new cases developed. "Slowly at first and then rapidly," Wednesday the health reporter showed six cases and when Thursday's report appeared three more were reported at headquarters. The quarantine order was immediately issued.

Simultaneously with the issuance of the order, a search was begun in the three organizations where cases have developed for possible meningitis carriers. There are fortunately infallible tests and these will be given to every man in the three commands.

Complete quarantine has not been adopted and will not be favored. "The army considers the old method of confining to one place all those exposed to a communicable disease to be little short of barbarous. The men will therefore be permitted on their drill grounds as usual and will carry on their work in the vicinity of their barracks. They will have the freedom of certain U. S. C. A. and U. S. C. buildings which will be set aside for their use so that their work and pleasures really will not be disturbed to any appreciable extent."

Smallpox May Hinder Next Quota.

Smallpox, it is feared by the Michigan war preparedness board and others, is likely to interfere with furnishing the next quota needed by the national government.

Therefore Dr. E. M. Olin, secretary of the state board of health, is receiving active support in his campaign to stamp out rapidly the disease, which has 675 persons in bed today, and others quarantined. Of the cases in Michigan, 500 are scattered over the state, and 175 are in Detroit. Lansing has not a single case.

The outbreak is attributed by Dr. Olin to widespread mild smallpox a few months ago, which was generally diagnosed to be chicken pox. Health officers, who have not been as vigorous in enforcing the safeguards provided by law, are being called on the telephone as rapidly as complaints are received and ordered to "quarantine" the sick and get down to business.

Another factor in the situation, in the opinion of Dr. Olin, is the thousands made on health officers and inspectors by the draft.

The active head of the health service of the state is planning to send inspectors in various sections of the state, first into Sanilac, Huron and St. Clair counties. In some places school authorities have been ordered to refuse admission to schools to children who are not vaccinated.

Tuberculosis Survey Saving to U. S.

The tuberculosis survey of the 58th division at Camp Custer, recently completed, saved the government more than \$500,000.

The tuberculosis experts examined 21,620 soldiers and men. Of these 97 were found tubercular or with tuberculosis tendencies and ordered discharged.

The Canadian government, after three years, has determined that a tubercular soldier if retained in service costs his country \$5,840. The same figure it is said, would apply in the American army. On that basis the 97 rejects would have cost the United States government \$514,640.

The actual cost of conducting the examination was less than 20 cents per man examined. The expenses were \$5,000, representing the salaries of the examiners during the two months' long test. For every dollar spent the government saved \$100.

Ice Shortage Predicted.

Food Administrator Prescott predicts an ice shortage next summer. He says that the demands of war are rapidly exhausting the supply of ammonia one of the chief ingredients in the manufacture of artificial ice, and that ice makers are going to have a hard time to get anywhere near a normal amount of this drug. "The surest and most satisfactory means of providing ice for the warm weather of 1918 is to harvest and store a supply of natural ice at once," said Mr. Prescott.

Michigan Men Lack War Insurance.

One million American soldiers and sailors are preparing to go over the top without taking care of their families. The last day on which men in federal service can take out the insurance that the government provides is Tuesday, February 12. The Michigan war preparedness board estimates that there are 10,000 Michigan men who have been negligent and urges wives, mothers and children to take out an insurance policy before it is too late.

Many Hotels Must Get License.

Immediate action will be taken against all persons, corporations, firms and associations, who manufacture for sale bread in any form, cake, crackers, biscuits, pastry or other bakery products (excepting however, those whose consumption of any flour and meal in the manufacture of such products is, in the aggregate, less than ten barrels a month), who fail to procure a federal license. Announcement to this effect has been made by State Food Administrator Geo. A. Prescott. This includes hotels, restaurants, other public eating places, and clubs, who serve bread or other bakery products of their own baking.

Application for license must be made to the United States Food Administration, License Division, on forms prepared by it for that purpose, which may be obtained on request.

The State Food Administrator says certain merchants do not appreciate the fact that the United States is at war and that the war must be won by food conservation and economy of prices. He asserts that there are certain examples of actual profiteering and warns dealers that these cases will be handled, if necessary, with promptness and severity.

"Any person who without a license, or whose license shall have been revoked, knowingly engages in or carries on any business for which a license is required by the Food Administration, shall be considered as having committed a crime and shall be liable for imprisonment for not more than two years or both."

From the records received at the Food Administration headquarters it is evident that only a few Michigan hotel and cafe proprietors have applied for their licenses, but they must secure licenses if they intend to continue in business.

Custer Has Over 1,000 Aliens.

Although the 58th division at Camp Custer has made up more than 1,000 aliens, the question of their disposition is causing Major-General Parker to worry.

He is convinced that they will make proficient loyal soldiers.

The alien question has been a delicate and trying one in some divisions, and hundreds of men have been interned for the duration of the war because it was believed they would be unsafe.

"Foreigners come to this country because they are dissatisfied with conditions in Europe," said the general. "At a time like this, when they adopt America, they often incur the enmity of friends at home. Nevertheless, some of these so-called renegades make the strongest patriots."

"One-third of the soldiers of the declaration of the independence were foreign born. In the Indian war we had no hesitation in employing soldiers to fight against their own tribe. We did the same thing for the Philippines and these renegades, though they are people more foreign and more cruel than our own people."

It is foolish to naturalize men when we cannot trust. Of course, there will be exceptions. We will not say that we will do with them. That is up to the department at Washington. Many have been interned."

CAMP CUSTER NOTES

One day each month has been given over entirely to athletics.

The cement road, the main road of the cantonment, has been closed to all mounted men.

Military police have been instructed to report all officers and men who fail to salute properly.

A \$15,000 club house exclusively for soldiers is to be established in Battle Creek by the war recreation commission.

Homing pigeons will be supplied to all regiments. Commanders have detailed men for instruction in handling the birds.

Soldiers who discontinue their Liberty bond allotments will be reimbursed the amounts already paid to the government.

W. J. Sherman, a Y. M. C. A. worker who has spent the past three years in France, delivered a series of lectures in "Y" buildings.

Out of its immense amount of musical talent, Camp Custer is developing a 25-piece orchestra. John B. Archer, director of community singing, will direct the rehearsals.

There are now in the division between 500 and 700 Negro soldiers, and Gen. Parker has issued a statement commending the condition of this force as to discipline and training.

Orders have been received from Washington, and transmitted to the division, that all company, troop and battery officers, which includes all below the grade of major must be present at assembly in the morning. This order cancels the privilege of married officers who have been several evenings a week at home with their families in Battle Creek. Assembly call is sounded at 6 o'clock in the morning.

Under orders from headquarters, regular stations have been established in the camp for jitneys. A scale of prices has also been established.

SECRETARY BAKER DEFENDS COURSE

IN REPLY TO CHAMBERLAIN'S CHARGES LAYS BARE ACTS OF WAR DEPARTMENT.

MILLION MEN IN FRANCE SOON

Says 32 National Guard Divisions Are Ready to Go as Soon as Ships Are Available.

Washington.—America will have an army of 500,000 men in France early this year, with 1,000,000 more trained and equipped ready to follow as quickly as ships can be provided to carry them—and the outlook for ships is not unpromising. Upwards of 100,000 are now overseas, it is estimated.

Secretary Baker gave this information to the nation and to the world Monday in a statement before the senate military committee, baring much that until now has been carefully guarded, with the army's military secrets, in answering charges that the government has broken down preparing for war.

From early morning until late afternoon the secretary addressed the committee, and a crowd included many members of both houses of congress gathered for a big hearing room of the senate office building.

While many things disclosed in the statement were frankly admitted, the secretary told that the men of 22 national guard and national army divisions are ready to go today at need. When members wanted to know why such things had not been given publicity before, Mr. Baker spoke of the reluctance of military men to reveal their war plans and quoted German remarks about America's advertisement of her preparations.

Emphasizing that he was not there to defend himself or anybody else, the secretary urged the committee again and again to lay bare any shortcomings or failures of the department that it might be corrected.

Biggest Task Is History.

Never in the history of time, he declared, had an army of its size been raised, equipped, trained and prepared.

Mr. Baker took personal responsibility for getting men under training before their equipment was ready "to the last shoe button." Such officers as Major-General Leonard Wood, he said, had urged this policy.

He described conferences that evolved the ordnance program and its fulfillment, submitting documents to show that France and Great Britain were supplying artillery and machine guns for the first forces at their own urgent request in order that ships might be used for other purposes.

In all that was done, he said, the departure of the first troops, General Pershing shared in the deliberations and approved the decisions reached. Mr. Baker declared, and now surrounded with a staff of regular trained officers who could be relied upon for the great task at home. General Pershing is in France as "the eyes of the army." Every step taken since has been founded on his long daily cable reports of what is going on at the fighting fronts.

Tables were cited to show that overcrowding in the camps and cantonments had not been general and that sickness had come mostly in the camps where medical opinion had agreed it was least to be expected. The history of the development and building of the cantonments was given in detail to show that every precaution possible had been taken.

Analyzing efforts of the ordnance bureau, the secretary said that General Crozier had urged for years a greater artillery preparation, that he at last had realized the time for making readiness. But even France herself, "with the enemy at her throat," he added, had not been able to see what just gun programs the war would lead to.

When Mr. Baker closed it was apparent he had created a profound impression. Chairman Chamberlain said so before he left the stand. There was no attempt to cross-examination.

DOCTORS CRUEL, WILL BE FIRED

War Department Recommends Heavier Penalty for Negligence.

Washington.—A heavier punishment than dismissal from the service was recommended by the war department for two army medical officers recently convicted by court martial of mistreating sick soldiers.

After reviewing records of the trials, Secretary of War Baker returned them to the trial courts with the suggestion that sentences of dismissal be reconsidered and that more severe penalties be imposed.

Colored People Organize.

Albion.—Colored people of Albion, numbering 1,000, have formed an association for the advancement of their race. The organization will discourage drunkenness and other vices. They will ask for equal rights.

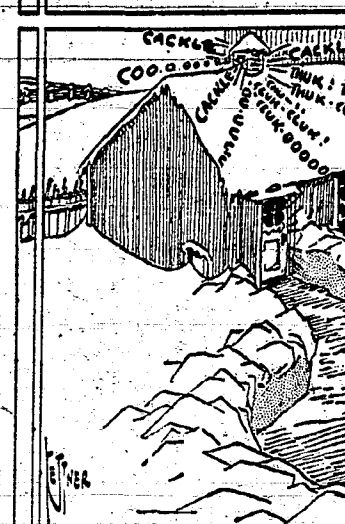
Meat Shortage in Muskegon.

Muskegon.—Delayed trips of the Goodrich steamer Alabama, which carries thousands of pounds of meat from Chicago, has seriously reduced the supply of meat in Muskegon.

James T. Lynn Appointed.

Lansing.—Gov. Sleeper has sent to Washington for confirmation the appointment of James T. Lynn, of Detroit, as director of the public service reserve for Michigan. This organization works in connection with the federal labor department to get men for war service outside the army and navy. The present imperative need is for labor in the shipping industry. Michigan's quota is 11,734 men for the yards.

Music



MAJ. GEN. WOOD HIT BY BLAST, AT FRONT

SLIGHTLY WOUNDED IN ARM BY ACCIDENTAL EXPLOSION, SAYS CABLE REPORT.

DISPATCH GIVES NO DETAILS

Brief Announcement Made By Baker Says That Two Other U. S. Officers Were Also Slightly Hurt.

Washington.—Major-General Leonard Wood, in France on an observation tour, was slightly wounded Sunday by an accidental explosion, which killed five French soldiers and hurt two other American officers.

Secretary Baker announced the accident in this statement: "A cable dispatch from the headquarters of General Pershing states that an accidental explosion killed five French soldiers and slightly injured Major-General Wood in the arm. Lieutenant-Colonel Charles E. Kilbourne in the eye and Major Kenyon A. Joyce in the arm."



MAJ. GEN. LEONARD WOOD.

It is understood the message was brief and gave no further details. General Wood's tour would carry him both to the front and to the American training camps behind the lines, but there is no indication as to where the accident occurred.

All divisional commanders have been or will be sent to Europe for brief periods. General Wood, commanding Camp Funston, Kansas, went over several weeks ago.

BLAST KILLS 8 NAVY WORKERS

Seven Others Hurt By Explosion—No Evidence of Plot.

Newport, R. I.—Eight men were killed and seven injured by an explosion at the United States naval torpedo station at Newport Sunday. There is no evidence of a plot.

The explosion started a fire but it was soon under control. The deafening report caused great excitement in the city, and fears were expressed for the safety of 200 girls employed near the station, which is located on an island in the harbor. They were not in danger, however.

The explosion was in a small concrete magazine, largely underground, used for loading detonators.

Soe Baby Burns in Cab.

Sault Ste. Marie.—The four-month-old daughter of Robert and Mrs. A. L. Call was burned to death, when an overheated stove set fire to the baby carriage in which she was sleeping. Mrs. Metcalf was in the kitchen preparing dinner. Their four small children were left in the front room. When the smell of smoke brought Mrs. Metcalf from the kitchen to investigate, the room was in flames. A neighbor woman rescued the three older children, with but slight burns.

Fire Destroys Shops.

Calumet.—The blacksmith and machine shops of the Seneca Copper company were destroyed by fire, with all their equipment. The loss will retard sinking of the new shaft. Rebuilding will commence at once.

Putting Up Supply of Ice.

Traverse City.—Northern Michigan will exert every effort to forestall an ice famine in Michigan next summer by putting up immense supplies this winter.

McADOO CUTS RAIL EXPENSES

All Lobbyists, Needless Lawyers and Passes Eliminated.

Washington.—William G. McAdoo, director of railroads, Sunday night issued peremptory orders to all railroad officers and directors to cut off immediately from the payrolls all legislative railroad lobbyists, supernumerary lawyers, useless railroad literary associations, political payments and all passes, intrastate as well as interstate.

Several million dollars will be saved within the first year by this drastic step, it is estimated.

This order means that not only the \$25,000-a-year lobbyist, but the numerous persons employed to boost the individual railroads will be reduced in number. Only those in the latter class that can be of service to the roads will be allowed to remain.

Thousands of lawyers throughout the country will be affected. Large staffs have been maintained in places where the director-general believes they have been unnecessary. The order chops off all political subscriptions or efforts to support any man or party in any election.

Perhaps the greatest evil has been the matter of passes. No one will be allowed to ride free hereafter.

MEAT PRICE MUST NOT RAISE

Hoover Issues Warning That Gouging Will Not Be Tolerated.

Lansing.—There shall be no raise in the price of meat despite its scarcity. That is the fiat issued Monday night by Federal Food Administrator Hoover.

Orders for Michigan were received by Food Administrator Prescott and he is given power to see that the law is obeyed.

The recent embargoes on shipments and the congestion caused by the attempts to save lives by shipping food, have caused a scarcity of meat. Shipments, particularly in the east, have been small and infrequent.

In order to head off any attempt by packers or retailers to load up the price on the consumer, Mr. Hoover instructed meat packers not to sell at prices representing more than a normal average margin above cost and to distribute such meat as is available fairly among consumers.

The temporary shortage is caused by difficulty in transporting the meat, not by a shortage of livestock, according to the food administration.

GERMAN PAPERS RAP AUSTRIA

Criticize Czernin for Sending U. S. Advance Copy of Speech.

London.—Count Czernin's speech on Austrian war aims and the statement that it was sent in advance to President Wilson has aroused the pan-Germans and their newspapers are bitter in their denunciation of the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister. It is declared that the count's action means a break in the Austro-German alliance and one pan-German newspaper has been suppressed for suggesting that Germany abandon her former ally.

While workmen in Austria apparently have returned to work, reports have been received in Holland of disturbances in the industrial district along the Rhine in Germany. Few details have been obtained, but it is said that troops with machine guns have been sent to Muelheim, a manufacturing town on the Rhine opposite Cologne.

The socialist leaders, who assailed chancellor's speech last week, are continuing their attacks, centering their criticism on Von Hertling's unwilling attitude as contrasted with the apparent readiness of Count von Czernin, Austrian premier, to grasp at any opportunity to end the war.

Coal Confiscated.

Grand Rapids.—Several Grand Rapids furniture manufacturers have purchased a coal mine at Desota, Ill., with an output of eight cars daily. The first cars shipped from the mine have been confiscated by Illinois fuel authorities.

Slacker Kills Self.

Battle Creek.—Thomas Kost, an Albanian, arrested on a slacker charge here, took his own life in the city jail by hanging. He had told fellow prisoners that he was to be shot at sunrise.

Support Food Measure.

Sandusky.—Sanilac county food dealers, at a meeting recently held, pledged their patriotic support to the government and particularly the Hoover food conservation measures. They are prepared to meet any demand made upon them.

Schools Open February 4.

Flint.—Flint public schools will reopen February 4, Supt. A. N. Cody has just announced. Next week will be considered the spring vacation.

WAR BREAD MUST NOW BE USED HERE

WHEAT FLOUR SUPPLY MUST BE CONSERVED TO FEED ALLIES AND ARMY OVERSEAS.

ALL DEALERS MUST COMPLY

With Sales of Wheat Flour Retailers and Wholesalers Will Sell Equal Amount of Substitute Flour.

Washington.—The American people went on a war abroad diet Monday as a part of a war rationing system prescribed by President Wilson and the food administration. "Victory bread" the food administration calls it.

The reduced rations are asked for the purpose of creating a larger export surplus of food for the European Allies. Curtailment of consumption will be accomplished largely by voluntary effort, but force will be employed wherever permitted under the food control act.

Rationing System Plan.

The rationing system, as presented by the president in a proclamation and by Food Administrator Hoover in a list of regulations, forms the food administration's 1918 food conservation program, of which the chief features are:

A baker's bread of mixed flours, beginning Monday with a 5 per cent substitution of other cereals for wheat until a 20 per cent substitution is reached February 24.

Sale by retailers to housewives of an equal amount of substitute flour for every pound of wheat flour purchased at the time the wheat flour is bought.

Sale by millers to wholesalers and wholesalers to retailers of only 70 per cent of the amount of wheat flour sold last year.

Two wheatless days a week—Monday and Wednesday—and one wheatless meal a day.

One meatless day a week—Tuesday—and one meatless meal a day.

Two porkless days a week—Tuesday and Saturday.

Substitutes Are Urged.

Manufacturers of macaroni, spaghetti, noodles, crackers and breakfast foods, pie, cake and pastry will be permitted to buy only 70 per cent of their last year's purchases, and are asked to perform a patriotic service by using substitute flours.

"Flour will be sold through the regular channels and in such a manner that each community will receive its equivalent share."

The food administration will purchase for the army and the Allies, it was announced recently, 30 per cent of the flour output and out of this store will fill emergency requirements if stocks run low in any part of the country.

Wheat millers are required to produce one barrel of flour of 196 pounds from 264 pounds of wheat, which represents a 75 per cent flour. No patent or special flour may be manufactured, although whole wheat flour may be made as usual.

Hotels and restaurants are classed as bakeries and will be required to serve the new "victory bread."

SCHIEDEMANN HITS WAR PARTY

German Socialist Leader Demands Peace Before Spring.

Berlin via London.—The voices of peace advocates have again been raised insistently in the central empire, following quickly on what is largely regarded as a new declaration of Germany's warlike purposes in her chancellor's speech.

The peace note in Germany was sounded by Philipp Scheidemann, the socialist leader, who in his remarks following Chancellor von Hertling's speech pleaded for peace before spring came with its renewed bloodshed.

Regarding Russia, however, Scheidemann's speech was more than a plea. It was a warning that the military leaders of the imperial government would be "hurled from power" if they did not bring about peace with her.

Scheidemann insisted that there was ground for a general peace on the basis of the program laid down by President Wilson on eleven points of which an agreement was easily possible.

He was as uncompromising as Chancellor von Hertling, however, as regards Alsace-Lorraine, declaring this territory must remain German.

Scheidemann's words comprise perhaps the most radical utterance that has yet come from his wing of the party in the reichstag, the majority of moderate socialists.

STATE NEWS IN BRIEF

Escanaba.—Tagged with a card giving his name and destination, Charles Nelson, 8-year-old son of George Nelson of this city, started on a journey to Pueblo, Col., alone. The father has been called for military service and could not take time to accompany the little fellow to his grandmother's home.

Grand Rapids.—Eight Grand Rapids high school boys, seniors, who confessed membership in national Greek letter fraternity, in violation of a state law, have been ordered by the board of education not to engage in any social or athletic activities or attend classes during the year. They will get their diplomas.

Bay City.—Ninety-six acres of land in Portsmouth township, adjoining the city, have been left to the city by the will of the late James H. Potter. The city is directed to use the land for teaching public school children who have passed through the seventh grade practical agriculture and scientific farming, dairying and poultry raising.

East Lansing.—A farm labor saved to determine how many men must be supplied Michigan farmers—to help them keep up maximum production in 1918 will be conducted during February under the general supervision of A. B. Cooley, federal farm labor director for Michigan. It is announced by M. A. C. School children will be asked to help with the work.

Pontiac.—Walter Wilkinson, of Cooley Lake was accidentally shot and killed while hunting.

Ludington.—Mrs. Edith L. Grimsell, mother of four small children, died from pneumonia, being ill only one day.

Port Huron.—Willard Allen, marine, is dead at the Philadelphia navy yard as the result of a fall, according to word received by his parents.

Dearborn.—Job Singer, a farmer who lived near here, was found frozen to death in his barn. Singer was more than 70 years old and lived alone.

Eaton Rapids.—A number of the old-time orchards, where trees were killed by the San Jose scale, are now a good produce now in relieving the fuel shortage.

Bay City.—Geraldine Williams, 11 years old, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Williams, of Pontiac, who has been living here with her grandmother, died shortly after being accidentally shot by a rifle in the hands of Walter Parker, 9 years old.

Traverse City.—Federal cognizance has been taken of the appeal of fruit growers for an investigation of alleged exorbitant prices asked for spraying materials. Growers contend that with the present high prices, which they refuse to pay, fruit production in 1918 will suffer.

Sandusky.—John Mathewson, arrested two weeks ago, charged with embezzling \$23,000 of the funds of a Deckerville bank, pleaded guilty in Sanilac county circuit court here, and Judge Beach sentenced him to serve five years in Jackson prison. Mathewson formerly was county treasurer of the Y. M. C. A.

Sault Ste. Marie.—Mrs. Margaret Perault, 101 years old, is dead of old age.

Benton Harbor.—Mayor Darwin B. Sutherland has ruled that all pool and billiard rooms must be closed all day Sunday.

Port Huron.—Gov. Albert E. Sleeper urged the pooling of patriotic campaigns here in a central fund. A committee is forming a local league.

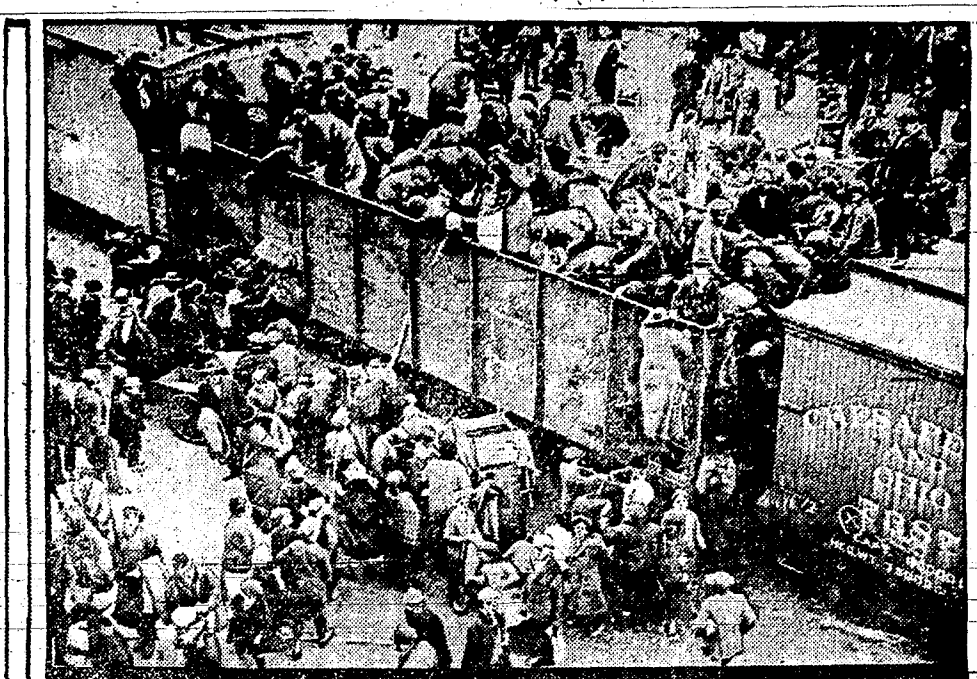
Grand Rapids.—Fireman Fred Mickel, of Detroit, sustained fractures of bones in both his hips when two Pere Marquette locomotives collided.



1—Bolshevik troops guarding the state bank in Petrograd after it had been seized by their government. 2—Heavy French guns of a new type mounted on armored cars. 3—The "kindly" way in which the Germans treat the Russian soldiers they capture.

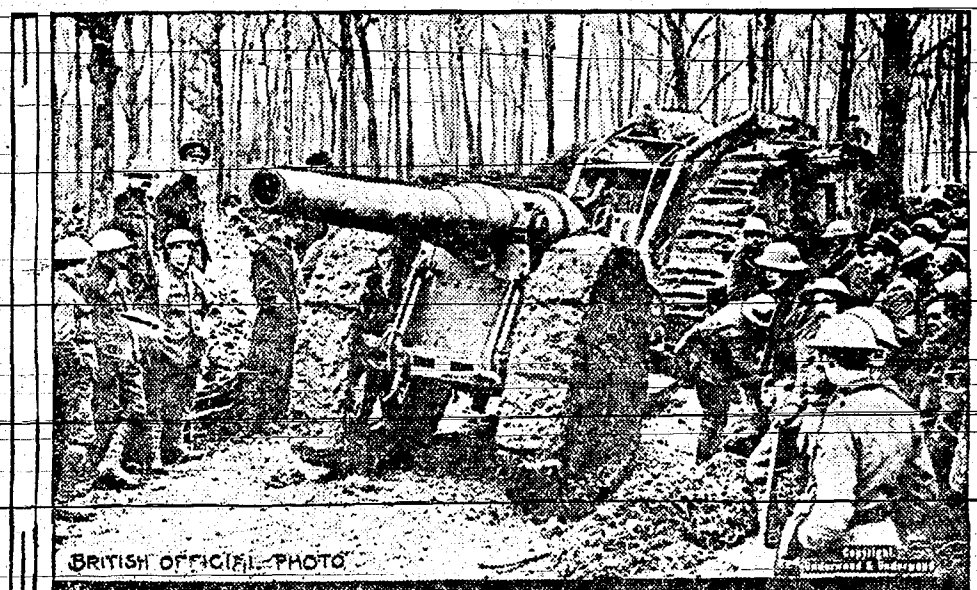


RAID ON CAR OF COAL MADE BY HUNDREDS DRIVEN TO DESPERATION



The seriousness of the coal shortage which brought about Doctor Garfield's drastic order is illustrated by this photograph. Hundreds are shown raiding a coal car in a yard at Philadelphia. They came with all sorts of wagons, carts, bags, perambulators, and anything and everything that could be used to carry the precious coal and loaded them up with a supply of the sorely needed fuel. No guard could have stopped the rush of people, who knew that they must get coal or freeze.

GERMAN NAVAL GUN, CAPTURED AND HAULED IN BY A BRITISH TANK



One of the massive British tanks after having captured the Hindenburg line in the great Cambrai battle, hauled up the day by bringing back one of the prizes of the victory, a big German naval gun. The tank lumbering through the mud easily hauled the big naval gun along in its wake.

AMERICAN AMBULANCE MEN DECORATED



Lars S. Potters of Buffalo, N. Y., and Theodore Miles of Mount Carroll, Ill., members of the American army ambulance corps, being decorated with the Croix de Guerre for valiant work on the western front. The men are lined up with several French Poliss, who also were awarded decorations for acts of bravery. At the right is Mr. Miles, who was a Beloit college student.

HIGHLANDER BRINGING IN A PAIR OF BOCHES



During a recent British advance on the west front this Highlander was caught by the camera bringing in two Germans whom he had captured, and was compelling them to carry in their own machine gun.

MIX DOUGH WITH SEA WATER

Wider Adoption of the Practice Is Recommended by French Naval Pharmacists, Health Advantages.

It has long been a custom in certain parts of France to make up the dough for bread with sea-water instead of using, as is customary, fresh water, with the addition of salt required to make bread both healthful and appealing, says the Literary Digest.

pharmacist of the first class, urges the wider adoption of the practice, which has, according to him, several advantages; the bread keeps moist longer, owing to the affinity for water possessed by the magnesium chloride seawater contains; it is very wholesome, since it provides not only the chlorides of sodium and magnesium, but other mineral substances which the body can make use of.

The water must be collected at a suitable distance from land and should be taken from a depth of six or seven yards if possible. The yeast must be prepared with fresh water and the salt water used for mixing the dough. The French writer adds:

"Bread made with sea water, useful for everybody, is to be recommended especially for growing children, for convalescents, and for all those who need to repair the wastes due to fever or to hard labor."

LITTLE RAILROAD PAYS WELL

Insignificant Mileage and Rolling Stock, but Its Services Are Very Much in Demand.

A railway whose total length of track does not exceed a quarter of a mile, and whose rolling stock consists of but two interlocked lorries, and yet earns a handsome profit every year, is an enterprise worthy of notice, observes the Wide World. It is at once the shortest and best-paying railway in the world. The official title of this unique line is the Grand Island railway. Built of strap iron laid on wooden rails on top of wooden ties, it stretches across Grand Island, a strip of land a quarter of a mile long lying in the center of the Athabasca river in northern Canada. On either side of the island, and running its full length, is a dangerous rapid. The right channel, however, can be navigated by scows. Along the river passes a large quantity of trade goods for the fur posts in the great wilderness beyond, while in a like manner millions of pounds' worth of furs are brought out to civilization every year by means of the river. Although the scows can negotiate the rapid, there is always the risk of their capsizing, which means the loss of valuable furs or furs. At either end of this island, however, the water is fairly quiet, offering an excellent passageway for the conveyance of goods while the scows are coming down "night" through the rapid. It was this fact that brought the Grand Island railway into being about half a century ago. The rolling stock, as already stated, consists of two old lorries, and upon these goods are loaded at the upper end of the island. The lorries are then propelled by hand to the lower end.

People making use of the railway must not only load the cars themselves, but haul them to the other end of the island. The charge is \$2.50 a ton. Sometimes on the trip "out," boats are carried across, when the charge is \$10. The fortunate owner of this queer little railway makes an income of several thousand dollars a year, and declares that since its inception it has returned \$100,000 in profits.

Met His Waterloo. Though hardly a physical hero, the story-teller's sense of duty, that is why, when some doubt arose as to the safety of the church spire, he decided to become a steeple-jack, for the time being in order to see for himself what was the matter with it. So pleased was he at having accomplished this quite easy feat that he was never tired of talking about it. His sensations on that memorable occasion were dragged into every sermon. Sunday school class, boys' club meeting and stray conversation, until the entire village was sick to death of it.

It was on a certain market day that he met his Waterloo. To a group of farmers he was going once more, through his experiences. "And," he was saying, "when at last I reached the very pinnacle and found myself gazing at the bronze weather-vane—what do you think I did?" "Dunno," muttered one old farmer. "But I know what you ought to have done."

"And what was that, pray?" queried the vicar.

"You ought to have apologized to the bird for doing it out of the job of crowing!"

A Cinch. "How can you lie in bed on a fine Sunday morning like this?" asked Mrs. Dubwaite.

"I won't go into particulars as to how I can do it," replied Mr. Dubwaite, drowsily. "But I assure you, my dear, it is one of the easiest things I ever did."

To keep clean and healthy take Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They regulate liver, bowels and stomach.—Adv.

Many a life is spent in trying to convince itself of its favorite hobby.

The world will forgive a man almost anything but failure.

Beauty is a Blessing

to every woman, but good health is vitally important. Attention to liver, kidneys and bowels will improve beauty and health.

Beecham's Pills

are a boon to women, because they regulate the functions of all these organs without any irritation or disagreeable effects.

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10s, 25s.

BRONCHIAL TROUBLES. Soothe the irritation and you relieve the distress. Do both quickly and effectively—by promptly using a dependable remedy—PISO'S

NEWS REVIEW OF THE PAST WEEK

Germans Threaten Quick Attack When the Russian Delegates Reject Peace Terms.

DEMAND BALTIC PROVINCES

Proletariat of Austria-Hungary on Eve of a Revolt—Turks Lose Two Big Cruisers—Secretary Baker's Management Hotly Criticized by Senator Chamberlain.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD.

Encouraged by the growing strength of the Fatherland party, the pan-Germans have thrown aside the mask they have worn in their dealings with the Russians and shown their true face. At the last meeting of the delegates at Brest-Litovsk before adjournment to January 23, General Hoffman told the Bolsheviks frankly that Germany must have Courland and all the Baltic provinces, and that if Russia did not consent the German armies would move at once and within a week would occupy Riga. When asked about the territory south of Brest-Litovsk, Hoffman replied that Germany would settle that only with the Ukrainians. The request of the Russians for a recess that they might consult on the German terms was grudgingly granted with the assertion that no further postponements would be allowed.

The Russian delegates thereupon voted unanimously to reject the German terms and departed for Petrograd to submit the question of peace or war to the congress of soldiers' and workmen's delegates, with which the final decision rests.

That the Germans are able to carry out their threats against Russia there can be little doubt. The Bolshevik leaders realize their helplessness and have issued "to all" an official wall telling how they have been deceived and how monstrous are the demands of the Germans. In Petrograd and Moscow the Bolsheviks are struggling to maintain their power, putting in jail large numbers of their opponents on charges of plotting a counter-revolution, and taking any other coercive steps that promise to help them. If they can prevent it, they do not intend that their principles of "self-determination" and personal liberty shall apply at home. They promptly dissolved the constituent assembly because they could not control its deliberations.

So loud has become the popular outcry against the rule of the Bolsheviks and so great the disorder in Russia that German parliamentary leaders are seriously questioning whether it is wise for the central powers to negotiate further with a government that may be swept away any day.

The Ukrainians, according to late dispatches, are proceeding amicably in their negotiations with Germany and Austria and are about ready to sign a separate peace.

Japan, which holds itself responsible for the preservation of peace in the far East, is ready to take radical steps to put an end to the increasing disorders in Siberia, according to Premier Tanaka, who addressed the opening session of the Japanese diet. He reiterated his country's absolute loyalty and fidelity to the allies and its determination not to sheathe the sword until an honorable peace is secured.

In Finland there is growing disorder and the socialist red guards and government militia have fought several considerable battles, notably at Viipuri and Loviisa. The red guards are aided by Russian soldiers, while the peasants are supporting the government forces.

The Austro-Hungarian government has been trending on thin ice for two weeks. A great peace-demand wave swept over the nation and more than a million workers went on strike, the war industries being absolutely paralyzed.

HAS CONFIDENCE IN AMERICA

Roumanian Statesman Satisfied His Country Will Receive Proper Consideration at Peace Conference.

Take Jönescu, one of the leading statesmen of Roumania and vice president of the council of ministers, whose resignation from the cabinet King Ferdinand recently declined to accept, talked with the Associated Press about what that country would expect as a condition of peace.

The government was forced to accept the socialist demands as to food, communal woman suffrage and nonmilitarism of war industries, and thereupon most of the strikers returned to their work. The trouble was only partly allayed, however, and the radicals made further demands and reiterated their call for a general peace by understanding.

The Austrian masses are determined that at least peace shall be made with Russia, and if this is not done their words and actions betoken a revolution that will remove the dual monarchy from the alliance of the central powers. Germany is awake to the danger of this defection and the militarists there are manifesting great irritation toward Austria because they think Emperor Charles and his government have fostered democratic internationalism.

The troubles of Emperor Charles are aggravated by the attitude of Roumania. At a great meeting in Prague a resolution was adopted demanding independence for Bohemia, Hungary, also, is doing its bit in the general upheaval, having absolutely refused to give credits to either Austria or Germany. The Roumanian stocks of grain are exhausted and the food situation in Austria is most acute.

The reasonable peace advocates in Germany have not by any means surrendered to the increasingly arrogant pan-Germans, and have been holding meetings in Cologne and elsewhere, and the radical socialists are keeping up the fight with vigor. There is no doubt that the proletariat of both Germany and Austria has been immensely heartened and inspired by the propaganda of the Russian Bolshevik spread by means of the fraternization of soldiers on the east front.

All this sounds good, but it would be foolish to base upon it any strong hopes of an early peace with victory for the allies. The German army probably was never before so strong as now, and if the indications may be trusted, the long expected offensive on the west front may be under way before this review is in the hands of readers. All last week there was intense artillery action in France and Flanders, with numerous "feeling out" raids and much activity by the air forces. Great concentrations of troops at several points continued and it seemed evident the Kaiser was about ready to strike. French military experts believed the Germans would attack the British lines in Flanders and also the French in the region of Nancy. It was in the latter sector that the raid was made on American troops. Whether Pershing's men still are helping hold the line there has not been revealed.

Having lost to the French some important positions on Monte Tonba, the Teutons in Italy were compelled to evacuate considerable territory west of the Piave river, moving back to Monte Spionaria. They seem to have given up hope of forcing the passage to the plains along the west bank of the Piave and are constructing defenses in the rear.

On the sea the Turks suffered a considerable disaster in the loss of the cruisers Medullu and Sultan Selim, formerly the Breslau and Goeben. These vessels emerged from the Dardanelles to attack certain British monitors, but were seen and at once engaged by British destroyers and driven into mine fields. The Breslau was blown up and sunk and the Goeben, badly damaged, was run aground at Niagara point, where for several days and nights it was subjected to bombing by British air craft and rendered useless. The British lost two monitors.

The number of British vessels sunk by submarines in the week was given as only six large and two small ships. In its efforts to supply tonnage to meet the submarine depredations, the United States scored a point by getting a large number of vessels from neutral nations, especially Sweden, for use in American coastal traffic. This brought forth a howl of "unneutrality" from Germany, coupled with a threat to sink all such vessels that its submarines could reach.

Belgium made a dignified reply to the pope's peace note, stating that its

terms of peace, so far as they concern Belgium itself, are absolute political, economic and territorial independence, equitable reparation and guarantees for the future.

The British labor party in convention at Nottingham declared its position in the matter of war and peace. A resolution was adopted welcoming and endorsing the statements of Premier Lloyd George and President Wilson and calling on the central powers to formulate their war aims at the earliest possible moment. Speakers gave high praise to Mr. Wilson's statement, and it was made clear that the party would not stand for peace negotiations with Germany while she holds the territories she has seized.

Fuel Administrator Garfield's industrial shut-down was far from being wholly successful in relieving the coal shortage and railway tie-up. For this the plan was not entirely to blame, for heavy snows in the eastern part of the country intervened to prevent the free movement of coal trains. Consequently Mr. McAdoo was constrained to declare an embargo on three of the largest coal-carrying roads of the East, forbidding the transportation of any freight save fuel, munitions and mail. The situation, especially on the Atlantic seaboard, still is most serious.

Partisan politics reared its ugly head in congress last week and ended in the discussion of the conduct of the war. So far it has done little harm, and perhaps it cannot be kept down in an election year. Senators Penrose and Stone were the chief offenders, the former attacking the administration and the latter having the effrontery—considering his own record—to assail the patriotism of Colonel Roosevelt.

Interest in the doings of congress centered on the Chamberlain bill for a war cabinet, the introduction of which was perhaps hastened, though not caused, by the investigation of Secretary Baker's department. The president had forebodingly even angrily declared his opposition to the measure and his absolute confidence in Mr. Baker's ability and efficiency, and the defeat of the bill was predicted, although it had the support of many senators of both parties.

Mr. Wilson in a public statement accused Senator Chamberlain of making "an astonishing and absolutely unjustifiable distortion of the truth" in a New York speech, in which the Oregon senator told of the failures of the war department. In replying to this in the senate, Mr. Chamberlain reiterated his charges and undertook to prove them by citations from the investigation by the senate committee.

The senator scored the war department unmercifully, and produced documentary proof that Secretary Baker, when before the senate committee, was ignorant of the actual conditions in the matter of supplies to the army camps. "The president," he said, "did not know the truth, and I did. He must have got his facts from his distinguished secretary of war and he in turn got them from somebody else, and if those who furnished the evidence knew the facts, they lied."

In the course of his speech Mr. Chamberlain read a heart-breaking letter from a father telling of the death of his son in an army camp under most astounding conditions of neglect. Afterward Secretary Baker said of this that it was not a singular case, that there had been several such due to the lack of nurses, and that each one had been rigidly investigated.

The hot discussion over the inefficiency of our war preparations continues unabated and is reaching the stage where it becomes personal and vicious. The attack-and-defence supporters of the administration declare the critics of some of its acts are bordering on treachery because they give comfort to the enemy, while those who criticize assert that only by letting the public know the faults that are being committed can those faults be corrected. Their course, they hold, is dictated by the purest patriotism.

General Tasker H. Bliss, chief of staff, has arrived in Paris to represent the American army in the supreme war council. It is believed he will urge that the allies renew offensive operations on a large scale.

Roumania is one of the elementary conditions of a just and lasting peace. Great Britain, France and Italy are pledged to restore these provinces to Roumania.

"I admire too much, also, the moral greatness of the American soul, not to know that the American people are bound to us by the most sacred ties, and that their high sense of justice and duty will prompt them to raise their powerful voice in behalf of our little kingdom at that conference of peace."

CENTRAL DRUG STORE

A. C. OLSON, Prop'r.

This store is open from 12 noon to 9 p. m.
Saturdays from 10 a. m. to 10 p. m.
Sundays from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m.

The above are our business hours. The store will be closed at all other hours. Orders phoned in during the forenoon hours will be delivered during business hours. We will look after all your wants promptly according to above regulations.

Prescriptions Delivered Promptly
at all hours

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ONE



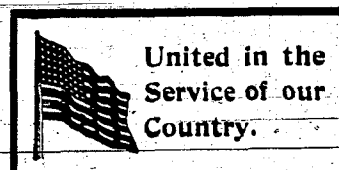
Crawford Avalanche

O. P. Schumann, Editor and Proprietor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
One Year.....\$1.50
Six Months......75
Three Months......40

Entered as second-class matter at the Postoffice, Grayling, Mich., under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, JAN. 31



School Notes

"Whatever is too original will be hated at the first. It must slowly mould a public for itself."
Emerson.

Beulah Collins and Edith Murphy have enrolled in the High school.

The English literature class is about to begin the study of "Comus," a mask, by Milton.

Can you define a book? If not consult Webster, but don't inquire of the Solid Geometry class, for they aren't any wiser than you.

Poisonous gases used in France have been the subject of interesting debates in the Chemistry class.

In spite of the fact that the Trigonometry class has only two books, work is progressing rapidly.

Leroy H. Ball, our last year's commercial teacher has returned to his home, after a brief visit to be greatly missed by the large circle of friends which he has made here.

The High school debating team consisting of Miss Mary Cassidy, Messrs. Bates, Marienthal and Case, will debate at Gaylord Friday night on the "Government ownership of railways."

Another game has been added to the long hard schedule of the High school team, Boyne City playing here March 8th, thus filling every date.

SIXTH GRADE—MISS M'NEAL, TEACHER. Some of the original patriotic quotations given by the 6th grade language classes:

I live in Michigan, my home is in Michigan. At present the United States is at war. I wish I was old enough to go and fight for my country and people. But although I cannot go, I can do my share by doing my work cheerfully and happily.

Clarence Sherman.

I am willing to do my part whatever come my way, great or small and I will devote all my time and love to my native state.

Farnham Matson.

I love Michigan. I was born in Michigan. I will stand by Michigan as long as I live, and fight for her if necessary.

Howard Herrick.

No amount is too small—thrifty cards care for all! Buy War-Savings stamps!

INSURANCE

It is more profitable to insure BEFORE the fire than AFTER

INSURE

Will not PREVENT the fire but it will give you a mighty thankful feeling after the flames have cleaned you out.

We represent some of the most substantial and prompt paying companies in the world, companies that do a tremendous business all over this country.

Only a trifling amount annually will protect you against the loss by fire of a life time of savings. Is it wise to delay even one single day?

O. Palmer

FIRE INSURANCE and SURETY BONDS

Former Grayling Citizen Brought to Grayling for Burial.

The remains of Marco (Mack) Taylor of Toledo, were brought to Grayling for burial Friday night and taken to the home of his brother, Adelbert Taylor where they remained until the following morning, when funeral services were held.

Rev. Aaron Mitchell preached the funeral sermon. The burial was conducted by Grayling Lodge 356, F. & A. M., and interment was in Elmwood cemetery.

Marco Taylor was born in Constantia, Oswego county, New York, May 13, 1854. He came to Grayling in May, 1878, about three months after his brother, Adelbert Taylor, had located here. He was united in marriage in 1881 to Miss Victoria Comer. He was first employed here as a section foreman for the Michigan Central railroad, which position he held a number of years. Later he went into the meat business here with George Comer, now of Detroit. After a number of years in business, he returned to railroad work, resuming his former position with the Michigan Central, where he remained until he went to Detroit to take up the position of superintendent of the railroad yards for the same company. Later he was transferred to Toledo to act in a similar capacity, which position he held up to the time of his death.

January 22, while on duty in the Toledo yards, he was struck down and run over by a train. He was picked up in an unconscious state and taken to St. Vincent's hospital but died before reaching there, at about 11:00 a. m.

Mr. Taylor is well remembered by the older residents of Grayling, and classed as his friends practically all who knew him. The same was true in Toledo, so his friends state, he was a man with many friends. He was a member of Grayling Masonic lodge for over nineteen years. Most people here knew him better as "Mack."

The out-of-town relatives in attendance at the funeral were his wife and daughter, Emma, of Toledo; Mrs. William Butler, Mrs. Levi Clement and George Comer of Detroit; Floyd Taylor of Camp Custer, who came home on a furlough to attend the funeral; and Mrs. T. Barnhart and daughter, Miss Gladys of Bay City.

A Printer and His Error.

Have you noticed how the printing trade differs from other trades and professions when it comes to the matter of mistakes?

When a plumber makes a mistake he charges twice for it.

When a lawyer makes a mistake, it's just what he wanted, because he has a chance to try the case all over again.

When a carpenter makes a mistake, it's just what he expected, because the chances are 10 to 1 he never learned his business.

When an electrician makes a mistake, he blames it on "induction," because nobody knows what that is.

When a doctor makes a mistake, he buries it.

When a judge makes a mistake, it becomes the law of the land.

When a preacher makes a mistake, nobody knows the difference.

But with a printer it's different. He has to be careful. He cannot turn his mistakes into profits as others do. He is blamed sometimes when it even isn't his fault that the error crept in.

THOROUGH WORK

How a Grayling Citizen Found Freedom From Kidney Troubles.

If you suffer from backache—From urinary disorders—From any curable disease of the kidneys, Use a tested kidney remedy. Doan's Kidney Pills have been tested by thousands.

Grayling people testify. Can you ask more convincing proof of merit?

Mrs. Geo. Isenbauer, Peninsula St., Grayling, says: "I had quite a bit of trouble with my back and kidneys. Often my back ached terribly and nearly set me wild. My kidneys didn't act right at all. Doan's Kidney Pills, procured at Lewis' Drug store, always relieved me of the attacks."

Price 60c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Isenbauer had. Foster-McMillan Co.; Mfgs.; Buffalo, N. Y.

Bad Habits.

Those who breakfast at eight o'clock or later, lunch at twelve and have dinner at six are almost certain to be troubled with indigestion. They do not allow time for one meal to digest before taking another. Not less than five hours should elapse between meals. If you are troubled with indigestion correct your habits and take Chamberlain's Tablets, and you may reasonably hope for a quick recovery. These tablets strengthen the stomach and enable it to perform its functions naturally. Obtainable everywhere.

How Prevent Croup.

In a child that is subject to attacks of croup, the first indication of the disease is hoarseness. Give Chamberlain's Cough Remedy as soon as the child becomes hoarse and the attack may be warded off and all danger and anxiety avoided.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy Most Effective.

"I have taken a great many bottles of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and every time it has cured me. I have found it most effective for a hacking cough and for colds. After taking it a cough always disappears," writes J. R. Moore, Lost Valley, Ga. Obtainable everywhere.

Proceedings of Board of County Road Commissioners.

Thursday, December 20th, 1917. At a meeting of the Board of County Road Commissioners for Crawford County commenced and held at the Court House in the village of Grayling at 2:00 o'clock p. m. on Thursday, December 20th, 1917.

Present: T. W. Hanson, B. Peter Johnson, Ralph Hanna.

Minutes of the previous meeting read and approved.

Communication from the State Highway department submitted.

On motion duly seconded it is determined that the clerk of this board be instructed to inform the State Highway Commissioner of the Crawford County Commissioners' choice for the route of a trunk line road north from the village of Grayling to the north line of Crawford County; joining the line as established by the Otsego County Commission at the south quarter post of section 32 Otsego Lake Township, which route through Crawford County to be as follows:

"Beginning at the north terminus of the route through the village of Grayling for which application has been made, to-wit:

"Beginning at the quarter post on the north line of section 7 Town 26 n. r. 3 west, thence west on town line to section corner common to sections 6 and 7 of Twp. 26 n. r. 3 west and 1 and 2 of Twp. 26 n. r. 4 west, thence north on town line to section corner common to section 30 and 31 T. 27 n. r. 3 west and section 25 and 36 T. 27 n. r. 4 west, thence west approximately 1/4 mile, thence northwesterly over route previously laid out and established to the village of Frederick; thence in a northerly direction to the quarter post on the south line of section 25 T. 28 n. r. 4 west, thence east on section line between section 25 36 T. 28 n. r. 4 w. and sections 30-31, 29-32, 28-33, to section corner common to sections 28-27, and 33-34 T. 28 n. r. 3 w. thence north on section line between sections 28-27, 21-22, 16-15, 9-10, 4-3, to the north county line of Crawford County, Michigan the above described route to be the first choice for the designation and laying-out of a highway through that portion of said county to be determined by the State Highway Commissioner."

And further, that as a second choice of location of route through township 26 n. r. 3 w. to be as follows:

"Beginning at a point being section corner common to section 30-29, 31-32 of said township 26 n. r. 3 w. thence north on section line between sections 30-29, 19-20, 13-12, 7-8, thence north easterly to the south quarter post of section 32 on the south line of Otsego Lake Township, Otsego County, Michigan."

On motion duly seconded that communication be had with the Otsego County Road Commission relative to a joint meeting with the Crawford County Commission in regard to routing of a trunk line road, same entering Otsego County at a point to be determined at said meeting.

No further business appearing before this meeting, on motion duly seconded the Board adjourned without date.

T. W. Hanson, chairman, Frank Sales, clerk.

Eldorado Nuggets.

Mrs. Fred Hartman was pleasantly surprised last Friday evening when a number of the young people about the neighborhood gathered at her home in honor of her birthday. A pleasant time was enjoyed by all.

Joe Weber has received notice to appear at Mio Wednesday, January 30th, for examination for the army.

Six soldiers of the Osceola Co. quota passed through here Monday evening on their way to Camp Custer.

On account of the storm Monday, the Mio stages were unable to make their round trips and stayed overnight here Monday night.

Word received from Harry Williams by his parents states that he is slowly recovering, after having had the measles which was followed by an acute attack of rheumatism. He is still in the hospital at Camp Custer.

T. H. Deyarmond and Alex. Bissland were callers here the early part of the week.

That "January thaw" is over due. As an afterthought, who said "thaw" anyway?

Card of Thanks.

We wish to express our heartfelt thanks to our friends and neighbors, who tendered their kindly assistance during the funeral of our husband and brother Marco Taylor. And we also wish to thank the Masonic order F. & A. M. for their services and wish to express our thanks for the many floral offerings.

Mrs. Marco Taylor & daughter Erma. Adelbert Taylor and family.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE AVALANCHE.

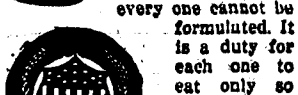
How's This? We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine.

Hall's Catarrh Medicine has been taken by Catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces, expelling the poison from the blood and healing the diseased portions.

After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Medicine for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Medicine at once and get rid of Catarrh. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

This Is Our Winter of Test

SERVING food is a local problem for each community. Prices and definite rules for every one cannot be formulated. It is a duty for each one to eat only so much as is necessary to maintain the human body neatly and strong. This winter of 1918 is the period when it is to be tested here in America whether our people are capable of voluntary individual sacrifice to save the world. That is the purpose of the organization of the United States Food Administration—by voluntary effort to provide the food that the world needs.



U. S. FOOD ADMINISTRATION

NEED BIG HERDS

Europe's Meat Supply Must Come From America.

Warring Nations Have Depleted Live Stock at Enormous Rate, Even Killing Dairy Cattle For Food.

American stock breeders are being asked to conserve their flocks and herds in order to meet Europe's tremendous demands for meats during the war and probably for many years afterward.

The United States food administration reports that American stock raisers have shown a disposition to co-operate with the government in increasing the nation's supply of live stock.

Germany today is probably better supplied with live stock than any other European nation. When the German armies made their big advance into France and then retreated virtually all the cattle in the invaded territory—approximately 1,800,000 head—were driven behind the German lines.

But in England—where 2,400,000 acres of pasture lands have been turned into grain fields—the cattle herds are decreasing rapidly. One of the reasons apparently is the declining maximum price scale adopted by the English as follows: For September, 10 shillings per 100 pounds; October, \$17.28; November and December, \$16.08; January, \$14.40. The effect of these prices was to drive beef animals on the market as soon as possible.

In France the number of cattle as well as the quality have shown an enormous decline during the war. Where France had 14,807,000 head of cattle in 1913, she now has only 12,841,000, a decrease of 10.6 per cent. And France is today promising only one gallon of milk compared to two and one-half gallons before the war.

Denmark and Holland have been forced to sacrifice dairy herds for beef because of the lack of necessary feed. Close study of the European meat situation has convinced the Food Administration that the future problem of America lies largely in the production of meat-producing animals and dairy products rather than in the production of cereals for export—where the war will have ceased.

FOR QUICK RESULTS USE OUR WANT COLUMN—The Cost Is Small.

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN. The Probate Court for the County of Crawford.

At a session of said court, held at the probate office, in the village of Grayling, in said county, on the 18th day of January, A. D. 1918.

Present: Hon. Oscar Palmer, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Emma S. Hum, deceased.

Clyde Hum having filed in said court a petition praying that the administration of said estate be granted to Allen B. Failing or to some other suitable person.

It is ordered, that the 11th day of February, A. D. 1918, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition.

It is further ordered, that public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order, once each week for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the Crawford Avalanche, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county.

OSCAR PALMER, Judge of Probate.

A true copy. OSCAR PALMER, Judge of Probate. 1-24-3

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN. The Probate Court for the County of Crawford.

At a session of said Court, held at the Probate Office in the village of Grayling in said county, on the 18th day of January, A. D. 1918.

Present: Hon. Oscar Palmer, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Joseph King, deceased.

Clyde King having filed in said court his petition praying that the administration of said estate be granted to Edward King or to some other suitable person.

It is ordered, that the 11th day of February, A. D. 1918, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition.

It is further ordered, that public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order, once each week for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the Crawford Avalanche, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county.

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STATE OF MICHIGAN. The Probate Court for the County of Crawford.

At a session of said court, held at the probate office in the village of Grayling, in said county, on the 18th day of January, A. D. 1918.

Present: Hon. Oscar Palmer, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Jacob Knecht, deceased.

John Knecht having filed in said court his petition praying that the administration of said estate be granted to George Knecht or to some other suitable person.

It is ordered, that the 11th day of February, A. D. 1918, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition.

It is further ordered, that public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order, once each week for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the Crawford Avalanche, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county.

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Stockings

All Kinds, from the Finest Silk Lisle to Lumbermen's Heavy Socks

It is seldom that you will find a stock of Stockings quite so complete as that we have on hand at the present time. We have taken into consideration the wide variety of needs of the patrons that comes to our store.



LADIES

You will find here just the grade of hosiery you may require for every day wear and also for afternoon and dress occasions. Our handsome line of silk hose in a large assortment of colors is specially attractive.

We also have fine lisle Hose in various styles and colors.

MEN

For fine hosiery for men we can boast of as nice a line as you were ever offered in Grayling. Nice variety of shades.

For heavier wear we have fine Cotton and Wool Hose, Lumbermen's Socks, etc.

Rubbers, Shoes and Sheep Lined Shoes

SALLING, HANSON CO.

Established 1876

Business Hours—8:00 a. m. to 5:00 p. m. Saturday 8:00 a. m. to 5:00 p. m.

WANTS

Advertisements will be accepted under this heading at the rate of 5 cents per line. No ad. taken for less than 15 cents. There are about six words to the line. SEND MONEY WITH THE ORDER.

FOUND—Fur glove. Owner may have same by calling at Avalonche office and paying for ad. 1-31-3.

AN ORGAN for sale. Good as new, used but a short time. At half price \$80.00. Inquire of Frank Alexander, State street. 1-24-2

FOR SALE—New milch cow. Inquire or phone F. H. Mills, Grayling. 1-24-2

COMPETENT woman, wishes work, general housework, or will care for the sick. Leave word with Mrs. J. E. Matthews. 1-17-1

FOR SALE—House and two lots. Inquire Peter McNevin. Phone 891. 1-31-3

PROBATE NOTICE.

STATE OF MICHIGAN. The Probate Court for the County of Crawford.

At a session of said court, held at the probate office, in the Village of Grayling, in said county, on the 18th day of January, A. D. 1918.

Present: Hon. Oscar Palmer, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of John F. Hum, deceased.

Clyde Hum having filed in said court his petition praying that the administration of said estate be granted to Allen B. Failing or to some other suitable person.

It is ordered, that the 11th day of February, A. D. 1918, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition.

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OSCAR PALMER, Judge of Probate.

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Probate Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN. The Probate Court for the County of Crawford.

At a session of said court, held at the Probate Office in the Village of Grayling in said county, on the 24th day of January, A. D. 1918.

Present: Hon. Oscar Palmer, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Alice J. Felt, deceased.

Edie M. Herrick having filed in said court her petition, praying that the administration of said estate be granted to Nelson O. Corwin or to some other suitable person.

It is ordered, that the 25th day of February, A. D. 1918, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition.

It is further ordered, that public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the Crawford Avalanche, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county.

OSCAR PALMER, Judge of Probate.

A true copy. OSCAR PALMER, Judge of Probate. 1-31-3

Protect Your Face and Hands

Recent reports in newspapers of impurities used in cosmetics, lotions, creams and other toilet articles, that cause skin and blood poison, have been heralded all over the country.

There is no doubt of the fact of these conditions, and investigation reveals that such conditions are found among the cheaper articles of these kinds.

Our toilet preparations come from firms long established and reputable, who jealously guard their reputation for purity of their goods. Our patrons need have no fear for toilet articles purchased in our store.

A. M. LEWIS,

Your Druggist

Phone 18



Local News

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, JAN. 31

Service is what the people want, not politics.

Don't be a spender. Be a saver! Buy War-Savings stamps!

T. P. Peterson is in Marquette on business for R. Hanson & Sons.

See Geo. L. Alexander & Son before purchasing automobile insurance.

Mrs. T. Barnhardt and daughter Erma, returned home to Bay City, Saturday evening after being in attendance at the funeral of Marco Taylor.

Leroy Ball, former commercial teacher in our schools, returned to his home in Hillsdale Monday afternoon, after a week's visit among friends here.

Mrs. Marco Taylor and daughter Erma of Toledo, accompanied by the former's brother George Comer of Detroit returned to Toledo, Ohio, Saturday evening.

Show your appreciation of the patriotism of the local I. O. O. F. members by attending their benefit party, to be given for the Red Cross at the Temple theatre, Wednesday night, Feb. 6.

Restaurant men had better be careful if they are not religiously observing meatless and wheatless days. Many travelling men are spies for the department of justice and report any and all violations they see.

One of F. H. Mill's delivery horses ran away Saturday and struck a delivery wagon of the Peterson grocery, and buried its driver, Ed. King, under the wreckage, inflicting a severe scalp wound, of about eight inches.

John Fairbrotham, formerly of this city, at the January term of Circuit court held last week at Gaylord, pleaded guilty to the criminal charges against him, larceny and was sentenced to Ionia with recommendation that he serve one year.

Chris. Johnson of Onaway, came home one day last week and surprised his parents Mr. and Mrs. John A. Johnson, living north of the city, with a few days' visit. It is always a happy time in the Johnson home when any of the children come home.

George Baker, who had made his home at Frederic, died at the Mercy hospital January 18 from exposure and old age, being 71 years. No relatives as yet have been located, and his remains are at the Sorenson Brothers undertaking parlors, for burial some day this week. A check was found on the old man's person sufficient to give him a satisfactory burial.

James Bugbee has purchased the restaurant business of Mrs. A. R. Allan and is now in full charge. Mr. Bugbee is a young man and has always borne a reputation for being honest and industrious, and there is every reason to believe that he will make a splendid success of the restaurant business. Mrs. Allan says that home duties would not permit her to give proper attention to the restaurant, although the place was enjoying a good patronage.

Bill Merrick of Alger is about 75 years old but he's game all the way through and wants to help put the Kaiser on the shelf. So he went to Detroit a few weeks ago and tried to enlist and was very much chagrined when they quietly but firmly told him that on account of his age it would be impossible to accept him for army service. "Why, darn it," said Bill, "I am as tough as a nut and can shoot straighter than any man you've got." But Bill's entreaties to get in the army were of no avail and he returned home much disappointed.—West Branch Herald-News.

Attend the benefit party for the Red Cross to be held in the Temple theatre, Wednesday night, Feb. 6. This is to be given by Grayling Lodge 137, I. O. O. F., and a most patriotic feature of the affair is that the gross receipts will be turned over to the Red Cross, all the necessary expenses will be paid by the lodge. The local chapter needs money with which to purchase yards, and other materials that are being worked up by the faithful workers of the county, and it is hoped that this party will bring out a crowd that will tax the limit-capacity of the building. There will be dancing and cards—plenty of entertainment for everybody.—Tickets \$1.00. Chairman C. O. McCullough says that the Red Cross ladies are thinking of serving coffee and sandwiches and if so, they also will donate all the proceeds to the chapter.

January has been just one solid freeze, without thaw.

Eat graham and rye and make the Kaiser sigh. Model Bakery, 1-31-14. Round Oak Heating stoves and Round Oak Chief ranges. 11-1-14 F. R. Deckrow.

The new furnace for the M. E. parsonage has been installed and is now doing service.

Miss Violet Woodruff returned Saturday from a four weeks' visit with her sister, Mrs. Gohl at Hillman.

Don't forget the big Masquerade dancing party to be held Tuesday, Feb. 12th, at the Temple theatre.

Miss Isabel Case was called to Kinde on account of the serious illness of her sister. She left Monday night.

Mrs. T. W. Hanson and Miss Margarette Bauman went to Detroit Sunday night to take a course in Red Cross work.

The last page of this issue of the Avalanche contains a copy of the proceedings of the County Board of supervisors at their January session.

Mrs. John O'Brien and daughter, Grace of Milwaukee, Wis., arrived this morning for a visit with the former's sister, Mrs. Emil Kraus and family.

Clement Weiler returned to Grayling Monday from Bay City, where he had been about five weeks. He says that he is open for any kind of work people may offer. This is no time for making lawns, he says.

"Go back to the simple life, be contented with simple food, simple pleasures, simple clothes. Work hard, play hard, pray hard, eat, recreate and sleep. Do it all courageously. We have a victory to win."—Hoover.

Geo. K. Brown, who now has charge of the weather supervision for the government for this region, succeeding Dr. S. N. Insley, reports, that the thermometer registered 31 below last night. This we believe, was the coldest night so far this winter. At about 8:00 o'clock this morning down-town thermometers gave the range as 24 below.

The Woman's club entertained the members of the Goodfellowship club Monday evening at the home of Mrs. C. R. Keyport. The ladies spent the evening informally, some knitting while others played usoo.

Mrs. O. P. Schumann held the highest and Mrs. Stanley Insley the second-highest score. The ladies enjoyed the evening very much.

The first monthly Board of trade banquet will be held at Shoppensons Inn tonight at 7:00 o'clock. Mayor T. W. Hanson will act as master of ceremonies. He says that it is not intended that there will be any set speeches but instead a few short, impromptu talks will be had, besides a general get-together session. After the banquet the company will adjourn to the Social club rooms.

War Savings certificates and thrift stamps are on sale at the post office and other authorized places. Adopt the "W. S. S." motto in your home and then practice the small savings that it encourages. Your children can invest their money in government securities by small payments. It is a lot of comfort, in later years, for young people to step up to a cashier and cash in their securities. Besides their money helps the government financially in the war, just at present. Make a start today—25 cents and up will do it.

A quiet wedding ceremony took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Sorenson, Wednesday evening of last week, when Miss Phoebe Johnson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Peter E. Johnson, was united in marriage to Mr. Arthur Ryckman. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Terhune of Frederic at 8:00 o'clock. The bride was dressed in light blue satin and shadow lace, and wore a tulle veil fastened with tiny flowers and ribbon, and was attended by her sister, Miss Helen Johnson, who wore a dress of pale yellow mull. Mr. Emil Johnson, brother of the bride acted as groomsmen, and little Loretta Sorenson, niece of the bride was flower bearer. After the ceremony, a delicious supper was served, the table being pretty with smilax and cut flowers. The relatives and a few friends witnessed the ceremony. The groom is employed at the Du Pont Co., in this city and the young couple will make their home here for the present. They have the best wishes of their friends.

A number entertained parties of friends from out of the city over the Junior hop held last Friday evening. Among those who entertained and their guests are: Miss Marguerite Hoyt and Miss Alice Austin of West Branch, and Mr. Glen Smith of Gaylord, were guests at the M. A. Bates home. Miss Fern Armstrong entertained Miss Wanda Elchorn and Mr. Earl Elchorn of Bay City. Miss Lucille McPhee had as her guests Misses Lois Bourassa, Doris Everhardt and Florence Smith of West Branch. Miss Agusta Kraus entertained Miss Marie Reid and Mr. Merle Leonard of Gaylord. Misses Bessie and Helen Brown had Miss Sybil McCargo of Bay City. Miss Pearl McKenig of Bay City was a guest at the Keyport home. Miss Jennie Lanky of Bay City was a guest of Miss Mary Cassidy. Mr. Maitland Comb of Lansing was a guest of Miss Gladys Everett. James Rivers of Bay City was entertained at the Chamberlin home. Others from out of town who were in attendance at the party were Miss Mollie Johnson of Saginaw; Miss Helen Bingham of Detroit; Miss Doris Merrifield, and Kenneth Bourassa, West Branch; Leroy Ball, Hillsdale; Ray Culliton, Gaylord; Mr. and Mrs. James Kalahar, Frederic, and Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Grover, Riverview.

Of course the annual Junior hop was a success. They always are in Grayling. It was a fine party in every respect. The young members of the class had worked hard to have everything "just right" for the occasion and certainly nothing was overlooked. The big gymnasium was daintily trimmed in sprigs of evergreen intertwined with pink cherry blossoms. Wreaths of the evergreen and cherry blossoms covered the lower edge of the balcony and at each end was a panel of the same material. In one of the latter was the year 1918 and in the other 1919, formed out of pink cherry blossoms. Also in each panel was a large Japanese fan. Japanese lanterns were suspended in many places beneath the balcony. In one corner of the room was a Japanese booth presided over by young ladies dressed in Japanese costumes, where delicious punch was served. Music was furnished by Fisher's college orchestra of Ann Arbor. There were five pieces in the orchestra and the "Jazz" music was just right for dancing and much enjoyed by the guests. At 12:00 o'clock luncheon was served, consisting of sandwiches, fruit salad, pickles, olives, coffee, cake and brick ice cream. The party lasted until 2:00 o'clock a.m. There was a fine crowd present and the young people looked pretty in their party dress of many hues and styles. It was indeed a happy party. There were many guests from out of the city.

"Show me the man with soul so dead Who never to himself hath said, This is my own, my advertising space."

W. R. C. Hold Installation of Officers.

The ladies of the W. R. C. held their installation of officers for the ensuing year, in the G. A. R. hall, Friday afternoon Jan. 25th.

The following officers were installed: Pres.—Elsie Roblin S. V.—Marguerite Burton J. V.—Lucy Robinson Treas.—Mary Fehr Sec.—Agnes Havens Chaplain—Mary Knight Conductor—Laura Amidon Ass. Con.—Lulu Love Guard—Minnie Isenhauer Ass. Guard—Della Isenhauer Patriotic Instructor—Lela Kidston Press Correspondent—Lulu Love Musician—Cora Schoonover Color Bearers No. 1—Fritzie Kraus No. 2—Emma McCullough No. 3—Marin Peterson No. 4—Jennie Freeland We had the honor of having with us Mrs. Patterson of Pittsford Mich. who is visiting at the Palmer home. She was the installing officer.

Luncheon was served after which, Mrs. Agnes Havens, in behalf of the W. R. C. presented, Mrs. Elsie Roblin with a token of appreciation of the manner in which she has filled the office of president the precedent years. Press Cor.

SEE Right

S. G. SEARIGHT, OPTOMETRIST.

Will be at McClains hotel on or before Saturday Feb. 1st, and remain one week. Eyes tested free. Glasses at reasonable prices. Will call at residence if requested.

All Rips Sewed Free of Charge

With orders for Half Soles

The largest and finest selection of

Shoe Lacings Polishes and Dressings....

of any store in Grayling.

Also ARCH SUPPORTS and HEEL CUSHIONS.

Rapid Shoe Repair Shop

E. J. OLSON, Prop'r.

Next Door to Central Drug Store

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The Son of the Wolf

He Would a Woong Go to
Win Him an Indian Bride

By JACK LONDON

Copyright by Jack London

AN rarely places a proper valuation upon his own worth, at least not until deprived of them. He has no conception of the subtle atmosphere exhaled by sex, as long as he bathes in it; but let it be withdrawn, and an ever-growing void begins to manifest itself in his existence, and he becomes hungry, in a vague sort of way, for something so indefinite that he cannot characterize it. If his comrades have no more experience than that, they will shake their heads dubiously and dose him with strong physic. But the hunger will continue, and become stronger, he will lose interest in the things of his everyday life and wax morose; and one day, when the emptiness has become unbearable, a revelation will dawn upon him.

In the Yukon country, when this comes to pass, the man usually provisions a polecat, if it be summer, and if winter harnesses his dogs, and heads for the southward. A few months later, supposing him to be possessed of a faith in the country, he returns with a wife to share with him in that faith, and incidentally in his hardships. This but serves to show the innate selfishness of man. It also brings us to the trouble of "Scruff" Mackenzie, which occurred in the old days, before the country was stampered and staked by a tidal wave of chicanquas, and when the Klondike's only claim to notice was its salmon fisheries.

Scruff Mackenzie bore the earmarks of a frontier birth and a frontier life. His face was stamped with twenty-five years of incessant struggle with nature in her wildest moods, the last two, the wildest and hardest, of all having been spent in groping for the gold which lies in the shadow of the Arctic Circle. When the yearning sickness came upon him he was not surprised, for he was a practical man and had seen other men thus stricken. But he showed no sign of his malady, save that he worked harder. All summer he fought mosquitoes and washed the sure-footed legs of the Stomach river for a double grub-stake. Then he floated a raft of house-logs down the Yukon to Fairbanks, and put together as comfortable a cabin as any the camp could boast of. In fact, it showed such cozy promise that many men elected to be his partner and to come and live with him. But he crushed their aspirations with rough speech, peculiar for its strength and brevity, and bought a double supply of grub from the trading post.

He was a sturdy traveler, and his wolf-dogs could work harder and travel farther on less grub than any other team in the Yukon. Three weeks later he strode into a hunting camp of the Upper Tanana Sticks. They marveled at his temerity; for they had a bad name and had been known to kill white men for as trifling a thing as a sharp ax or a broken rifle. But he went among them single-minded, his bearing being a delicious composite of humility, familiarity, song-frolic, and insolence. It required a left hand and deep knowledge of the barbaric mind to handle such diverse weapons; but he was a past master in the art, knowing when to conciliate and when to threaten with dove-like wrath.

He first made obeisance to the Chief Thling-Tinnah, presenting him with a couple of pounds of black tea and tobacco, and thereby winning his most cordial regard. Then he mingled with the men and maidens, and that night gave a potch. The snow was beaten down in the form of an oblong, perhaps a hundred feet in length and quarter as many across. Down the center a long fire was built; while either side was carpeted with spruce boughs. The lodges were forsaken, and the five or so members of the tribe gave tongue to their folk-chants in honor of their guests.

Scruff Mackenzie's two years had taught him the not many hundred words of their vocabulary, and he had likewise conquered their deep gutturals, their Japanese idioms, constructions, and honorific and agnominative particles. So he made oration after their manner, satisfying their instinctive poetry-love with crude flights of eloquence and metaphorical contortions. After Thling-Tinnah and the Shaman had responded in kind, he made trifling presents to the menfolk, joined in their singing, and proved an expert in their fifty-two-stick gambling game.

It was slow work and a stiff game; but Scruff Mackenzie maneuvered cunningly, with an unconcern which served to puzzle the Sticks. He took great care to impress the men that he was a sure shot and a mighty hunter, and the camp rang with his plaudits when he brought down a moose at six hundred yards. Of a night he visited in Chief Thling-Tinnah's lodge of moose and caribou skins, talking, big and dispensing tobacco with a lavish hand. Nor did he fail to likewise honor the Shaman; for he realized the medicine man's influence with his people, and was anxious to make of him an ally. But that worthy was high and mighty, refused to be propitiated, and was unerringly marked down as a prospective enemy.

Though no opening presented for an interview with Zariniska, Mackenzie stole many a glance to her, giving fair warning of his intent. And well she knew, yet coquettishly surrounded herself with a ring of women whenever the men were away and he had a chance. But he was in no hurry; he knew, he knew she could not help but think of him, and a few days of such thought would only better his suit.

toward the winter's noontide sun, and there she yet lives—no blinding frost, no snow, no summer's midnight sun, no winter's noontide night.

A second messenger interrupted with imperative summons from the council. As Mackenzie threw him into the snow, he caught a glimpse of the swaying forms before the council fire, heard the deep basses of the men in rhythmic chant, and knew the Shaman was fuming with anger of his people. Time pressed. He turned upon the chief.

"Come! I wish thy child. And now see! here are tobacco, tea, many cups of sugar, warm blankets, handkerchiefs, both good and large; and here, a true rifle, with many bullets and much powder."

"Nay," replied the old man, struggling against the great wealth spread before him. "Even now are my people come together. They will not have this marriage."

"But thou art chief!"

"Yet do my young men rage because the wolves have taken their maidens so that they may not marry."

"Listen, O Thling-Tinnah! Here the night has passed into the day, the Wolf shall face his dogs to the mountains of the east and fare forth to the country to the Yukon. And Zariniska shall break trail for his dogs."

"And ere the night has gained its middle, my young men may find to the dogs the flesh of the wolf, and his bones be scattered in the snow till the springtime lay them bare."

"It was threat and counter-threat. Mackenzie's bearded face flushed darkly. He raised his voice. The old squaw, who till now had sat an impassive spectator, made to creep by him for the door. The song of the men broke suddenly, and there was a hubbub of many voices as he whirled the old woman roughly to her couch of skins.

"Again I cry—listen, O Thling-Tinnah! The wolf dies with teeth fastened, and with him there sleep ten of the strongest men—men who are needed for the hunting is but begun, and the fishing is not many moons away. And again, of what profit should I die? I know the custom of thy people; thy share of my wealth shall be very small. Grant me thy child, and it shall all be thine. And yet again, I speak for myself alone. As I have done, so has the bear. He, too, had slain the father of her children, and many skins have been cured there to, I speak for all the young men who know not wives. The wolves are ever hungry. Always do they take the choice meat at the killing. To the ravens are left the leavings."

"There is Guggla!" he cried, brutally pointing out one of the women. "I speak for myself alone. As I have done, so has the bear. He, too, had slain the father of her children, and many skins have been cured there to, I speak for all the young men who know not wives. The wolves are ever hungry. Always do they take the choice meat at the killing. To the ravens are left the leavings."

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Fox says great deeds are about this night. Good! Talk flows from his tongue like the freshets of the spring, but he is chary of deeds. This night shall I do battle with the Wolf. I shall slay him, and Zariniska shall sit by my fire. The Bear has spoken."

Though pandemonium reigned about him, Scruff Mackenzie held his ground. "Brothers! The White Man came among you with fair words. He was not like the Inuit; he spoke not lies. He came as a friend, as one who would be a brother. But your men have had their say, and the time for soft words is past. First, I will tell you that the Shaman has an evil tongue and is a false prophet, that the messages he spoke are not those of the Fire-Bringer. His ears are locked to the voice of the raven, and out of his own head he weaves cunning fancies, and he has made fools of you. He has no power. When the dogs were killed and eaten, and your stomachs were heavy with untanned hide and strips of moose-skin; when the old men died, and the old women died, and the babes at the dry dugs of the mothers died—when the land was dark, and you perished as do the salmon in the fall, nay, when the famine was upon you, did the Shaman bring you bread and meat in your belts? Again I say, the Shaman is without power. Thus! I spit upon his face!"

Though taken aback by the fierceness, there was no uproar. Some of the women were even frightened, but among the men there was an uplifting, as though in preparation or anticipation of the miracle. All eyes were turned upon the two central figures. The priest realized the crucial moment, felt his power tottering, opened his mouth in denunciation, but fled backward before the truculent advance, upraised fist, and flashing eyes of Mackenzie. He sneered and resumed.

"Was I stricken dead? Did the light burn me? Did the stars fall from the sky and crush me? Pish! I have done with the dog. Now will I tell you of my people, who are the mightiest of all the peoples, who rule in all the lands. At first we hunt in the forest. After that we hunt in packs; and at last, like the caribou-herd, we sweep across all the land. Those whom we take into our lodges live; those who will not come die. Zariniska is a comely maiden, full and strong, fit to become the mother of wolves. Hence I die, such shall she become; for my brothers are many, and they will follow the scent of my dogs. Listen to the Law of the Wolf! Whoso taketh the life of one Wolf, the forfeit shall ten of his people pay. In many lands has the price been paid; in many lands shall it yet be paid."

"Now will I deal with the Fox and the Bear. It seems they have cast eyes upon the maiden. So? Behold, I have bought her! Thling-Tinnah! I have bought her! The goods of purchase are by his side. Yet will I fair to the young men. To the Fox, whose tongue is dry with my words, will I give of choice five long plugs. Thus will his mouth be wetted that he may make much noise in the council. But to the Bear, of whom I am well warded, will I give of blankets two; of flour, twenty cups; of tobacco, double that of the Fox; and if he fare with me over the Mountains of the East, then will I give him a rifle, mate to Thling-Tinnah's. If not? Good! The Wolf is weary of speech. Yet once again will he say the law: 'Whoso taketh the life of one Wolf, the forfeit shall ten of his people pay.'"

Mackenzie smiled as he stepped back to his old position, but at heart he was full of trouble. The night was yet dark. The girl came to his side, and he listened closely as she told of the Bear's little tricks with the knife.

"The decision was for war. In a trice, scores of mosquitoes were warring the spirit of heaven snow by the fire. There was much chatter about the coming of the Shaman; the snow never had but withheld his power, while others cannot past events and agreed with the Wolf. The Bear came to the center of the battle ground, a long naked hunting-knife of Russian make in his hand. The Fox called attention to Mackenzie's revolver; so he stripped his belt, buckling it about Zariniska, into whose hands he also entrusted his rifle. She shook her head that she could not shoot—small chance had a woman to handle such precious things.

"Then, if danger comes by my back, cry aloud, 'My husband!' No; thus, 'My husband!'"

He laughed as she repeated it, pinched her cheek and re-entered the circle. Not only in reach and stature had the Bear the advantage of him, but his blade was longer by a good two inches. Scruff Mackenzie had looked into the eyes of men before, and he knew it was a man who stood against him yet he quickened to the glint of light on the steel, to the dominant pulse of his rice.

Twice he picked the Bear, getting away unscathed; but the third time caught him to "give" himself, free hands closed on fighting hands, and they came together. Then did he realize the tremendous strength of his opponent. His muscles were knotted in painful lumps, and cords and tendons threatened to snap with the strain; yet nearer and nearer came the Russian steel. He tried to break away, but only wounded himself. The first circle closed in, certain of and anxious to see the final stroke. Bit with wrestler's trick, swinging partly to the side, he struck at his adversary with his head. Involuntarily the Bear leaped back, disturbing his center of gravity. Simultaneously with this, Mackenzie tripped properly and threw his whole weight forward, hurling him clear through the circle into the deep snow. The Bear floundered out and came back full tilt.

"Oh, my husband!" Zariniska's voice rang out, vibrant with danger.

To the twing of a bow-string, Mackenzie swept low to the ground, and a bone-barbed arrow passed over him into the breast of the Bear, whose momentum carried him over his crouching foe. The next instant Mackenzie was up and about. The Bear lay motionless, but across the fire was the Shaman, drawing a second arrow.

Mackenzie's knife leaped short in the air. He caught the heavy blade by the point. There was a flash of light as it spanned the fire. Then the Shaman, the hit appearing without his throat, swayed a moment and

fell into the glowing embers.

"Click!—the Fox had possessed himself of Thling-Tinnah's rifle and was vainly trying to throw a shell. But he dropped it at the sound of Mackenzie's laughter.

"So the Fox has not learned the way of the playing? He is yet a woman. Come! Bring it, that I may show thee!"

The Fox hesitated.

"Come, I say!"

He slouched forward like a beaten cur.

"Thus, and thus; so the thing is done." A shell flew into place and the trigger was at cock as Mackenzie brought it to shoulder.

"The Fox has said great deeds were about this night, and he spoke true. There have been great deeds, yet least among them were those of the Fox. He is still intent to take Zariniska to his lodge? Is he minded to tread the trail already broken by the Shaman and the Bear? No? Good!"

Mackenzie turned contemptuously and drew his knife from the priest's throat.

"Are any of the young men so minded? If so, the Wolf will take them by two and three till none are left. No good. Thling-Tinnah, I now give thee this rifle a second time. If in the days to come thou shouldst journey to the country of the Yukon, know that there shall always be a place and some food by the fire of the Wolf. The night is now passing into the day. I go, but I may come again. And for the last time, remember the Law of the Wolf!"

He was supernatural in his sight as he rejoined Zariniska. She took her place at the head of the team, and the dogs swung into motion. A few moments later they were swallowed up by the ghostly forest. 'Till now Mackenzie had waited; he stepped into his snowshoes to follow.

"Has the Wolf forgotten the five long plugs?"

Mackenzie turned upon the Fox angrily; then the humor of it struck him.

"Will give thee one short plug."

"As the Wolf sees fit," meekly responded the Fox, stretching out his hand.

Salt Beds Near Matamoros, Mexico.

Thirty miles from Matamoros and a few miles from the coast of the Gulf of Mexico are situated a number of salt beds, which are said to have during dry seasons an amount of production of approximately 1,000,000 pounds. The land in this locality, having been formerly the bed of the Gulf, contains a great amount of salt. During the rainy seasons the beds of the lakes and lagoons fill with water, which becomes salty, and upon its evaporation a crust of salt is left from one to three inches in thickness. The salt is gathered by the workers of the beds on which the deposits are located. It is broken into pieces with bars and shovels and conveyed in boxes to the place of storage, later being hauled by teams to Matamoros. Part of the output is used locally, the remainder being shipped to other Mexican points. The cost of gathering this salt, relates a correspondent, is about 20 cents a carga (300 pounds), to which is added a 15-cent state tax and a 3-cent federal tax. It sells in Matamoros for about 1 cent a pound, and is used for table and other purposes. No attempt is made to refine it, and while that next to the salt contains much or less foreign substance, the upper part of the salt crust is fairly free from sediment. The output cannot be depended upon regularly, owing to the fact that the salt is sometimes dissolved by rains during the "dry" season.

Queer British Punishment.

Here is a queer punishment which has never been removed from the statute book. If you are motorizing or driving in England and are unfortunately enough to run over anybody and cause his death, your motorcar or carriage can be confiscated. Even a falling tree that causes the death of a human being can be taken from its owner. The strangest punishment which still survives relates a British writer, under modern law, to the outlawry. About ten years ago a lawyer charged with forcing a cheque was "outlawed" in the Glasgow high court. By this sentence the person of the accused is declared forfeited. He cannot bear testimony in a court, nor sue, nor defend an action. He cannot act as a jury, nor vote at an election, nor act as tutor or guardian to another person. If anyone helps him he has no redress.

Shapes of Postage Stamps.

The earliest shape of stamps was virtually the same as it is today. The triangle, diamond shape, octagonal and square were all tried, with an almost universal return to the original rectangular form. The size, too, is generally about the same as that of the original issue. After ranging from three-eighths by one-half inch, a stamp of Bolivia, a state of the Colombian republic, to 2 1/4 by 3 1/2 inches, a United States newspaper stamp of 1865.

The very early stamps were intended to be cut apart, but in 1854 there was brought into use a machine for punching holes between the stamps which was known as a perforating machine.

Warlike Portions.

Two stenographers noticed a scale by a restaurant where they usually took their lunch. Before eating her request one of them weighed herself. After dining she got on the scales again.

"That's funny, Maymie," she remarked to her friend. "I weigh a little less now than I did before I ate my lunch."

They pondered this a moment, and then the explanation came to Maymie. "That's all right, Ethel," she said. "The nickels you paid weighed more than the portions of food you got back."

The Heart and Reason.

The heart has reasons which the reason does not know. It is the heart that feels God, not the reason. The primary truths are not demonstrable, and yet our knowledge of them is none the less certain. Principles are felt, propositions are proved. Truths may be above reason and yet not contrary to reason.

WOMEN OF MIDDLE AGE

Need Help to Pass the Crisis Life—Proof that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Can be Relied Upon.

Urbana, Ill.—"During Change of Life, in addition to its annoying symptoms, I had an attack of grippe which lasted all winter and left me in a weakened condition. I felt that I would never be well again. I read of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and what it did for women passing through the Change of Life, so I tried it. I soon began to gain in strength and the annoying symptoms disappeared and my Vegetable Compound made me a new woman. I do all my own housework. I cannot recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound too highly to women passing through the Change of Life."

—Mrs. FRANK HENSON, 1316 S. Orchard St., Urbana, Ill.

Women who suffer from nervousness, "head flashes," backache, headaches and "the blues" should try this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Stoppage of the bowels. More cases die of paralysis of the bowels and being stricken than any other bowel trouble. "LAXATIVE." Price 50c. It cures constipation, flatulence, nervousness, headache and all other ailments of the bowels. It is a safe, reliable, and pleasant remedy. Read the Practical Home Veterinarian. If you desire in your town, write to Dr. S. B. Roberts, Inc., 100 Grand Avenue, Waterville, Me.

Soldiers Soothe Skin Troubles with Cuticura Soap 25c. Ointment 25c & 50c.

ADVICE TO BUSINESS WOMEN

How One May Escape From Importunities That Are in the Highest Degree Unpleasant.

A writer says in the American Magazine in an article dealing with the business woman:

"If he invites you to luncheon, do not snub the poor man and tell him in a haughty voice that you never mix business with pleasure, or something equally bromide. Smile at him—not condescendingly, but frankly and humbly, and tell him you never eat luncheon. If he is more than usually thick-headed and follows up the invitation with an invitation to dinner and the theater, smile some more; smile gratefully, and appreciatively, and regretfully, and tell him you have a sick sister at home and spend all your spare time with her; and when he thinks it over the next day he will know what you meant and—as it is the next day—he will be glad that you did not accept. If he compliments your clothes, be frankly pleased and tell him that you like that suit, also. If he comments on your pretty color, reply just as frankly as though you were another man that so much outdoor work is a splendid thing for the complexion. Humor him, but after every departure from the rules of business-land him gently but firmly back to his pew and hold him there."

Opens School of Commerce.

Consult Arthur McLean reports from Puerto Plata, Dominican Republic, that a school of commerce has recently been opened by Senator del Tor Caballeros by the Association of Commercial Employees. The school is open to men and women, and its classes are held both in the day and evening. The new school includes courses in arithmetic, commercial practice, bookkeeping, grammar, and commercial correspondence.

A Little Early.

The Mouse—What's the trouble, Jack?

Jack in the box—Oh, just a little spring lassitude; that's all.

He who praises men and flatters women has many fair weather friends.

Women whose sensitive nerves often yield to coffee's harmful stimulation, appreciate the change resulting from a ten days trial of INSTANT POSTUM INSTEAD OF COFFEE. Such a delicious drink makes the change easy and better nerves make it a permanent one. "There's a Reason"

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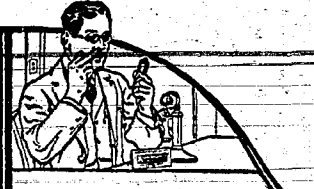
Back Given Out?

Housework is too hard for a woman who is half sick, nervous and always tired. But it keeps piling up, and gives weak kidneys no time to recover. If your back is lame and aches and your kidneys irregular, if you have "blue spots," sick headaches, nervousness, dizziness and rheumatic pains, use Doan's Kidney Pills. They have done wonders for thousands of worn out women.

A Michigan Case

Mrs. Selma Lund, "My Father Told a Story," says: "My back ached constantly and I had such pains across my kidneys I could hardly bend over or lift anything. My kidneys were so weak they acted as if they were very much inflamed. I was so nervous I could not sleep. I used Doan's Kidney Pills and soon I was entirely well. I give Doan's Kidney Pills the credit for my cure."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
POSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.



You can't think clearly when your head is "stopped up" from cold in the head, or nasal catarrh.

Try Kondon's to clear your head

(at no cost to you)

\$500,000 have used this 25-year-old remedy. For chronic catarrh, sore nose, coughs, colds, sneezing, nose-bleeds, etc. Write for complimentary can or buy tube at drug store. It will benefit you four times more than it costs, or we pay your money back. Send no money to KONDON'S, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

KONDON'S CATARRHAL JELLY

Personality of Your Hall

The aspect of the hall should afford a cheerful yet reserved introduction to the rest of the house.

A hall has many definite functions to perform. It should not only serve as an attractive waiting room but should also give ready access to the main room of the house. Homes should never be so badly planned that some rooms are accessible only through others.

Halls should always be somewhat formal, for they are intended for the use of strangers and acquaintances as well as friends and relatives. Just how formal one's home entrance should be depends largely upon whether the structure is in the city or country. The interests and manner of living of the occupants also have much to do with this.

"Cold in the Head"

Is an acute attack of nasal catarrh. Persons who are subject to frequent "colds in the head" will find that the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will build up the system, cleanse the blood and render them less liable to colds. Repeated attacks of Acute Catarrh may lead to Chronic Catarrh. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts directly on the mucous surfaces of the system. All Druggists 75c. Testimonials free. \$5.00 for an entire bottle. Write to HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will not cure. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Best Thing to Do

"Hille, you are neglecting your appearance. Why is this?" "Algebra doesn't cure for me." "Well, don't bite off your nose to spite your face. Powder it up, and go after some other young man."

Many Children Are Sickly. Mother Glad's Sweet Bowls. Children break up colds in 24 hours, relieve feverishness, headache, stomach trouble, teething disorders, move and regulate the bowels and break up worms. They are so pleasant to take children like them. Used by mothers for 31 years. All Druggists. See Sample Bottle. Address: A. S. Olinsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Worse. Bill: "Good! She's a hummer, isn't she?" Gill: "Worse than that! She tries to sing."



FOR CONSTIPATION

have stood the test of time. Purely vegetable. Wonderfully quick to banish biliousness, headache, indigestion and to clear up a bad complexion. Genuine bears signature.

PALE FACES

Generally indicate a lack of iron in the blood

Carter's Iron Pills

Will help this condition

ABSORBINE

Reduces Strained, Puffy Ankles, Lymphangitis, Puff Swellings, Boils, Swellings, Stomach Lacerations and all skin eruptions. Heals Sores, Cuts, Bruises, Boils, Chafes. It is a SAFE ANTISEPTIC AND GERMICIDE. Does not blister or remove the hair and does not stain. Pleasant to use. \$2.50 a bottle, delivered. Describe your case for special instructions and Book 5 R free. ABSORBINE, JR., antiseptic ointment for anal, rectal, hemorrhoidal, and venereal diseases. Only a few drops required at a time. Write for our catalog or sample. W. F. YOUNG, P. O. Box 100, Springfield, Mass.

PATENTS

Watson R. Coleman, Wash-

ington, D. C., Patent Attorney.

Patent

Patent

Patent

Patent

Patent

Patent

THE KITCHEN CABINET

True bravery is shown by performing without witness what one might be capable of doing before all the world.—La Rochefoucauld.

SOMETHING TO EAT.

The following is a new recipe which many mothers will enjoy making for the kiddies.

Clever Leaves.

—Take seven tablespoons of butter, or any fat, a cupful of sugar, a half teaspoonful of salt, two beaten egg yolks, one beaten white, a half teaspoonful of lemon juice and the grated peel, two cupfuls of flour and two tablespoons of baking powder. Knead lightly, roll out

and cut with a cookie-cutter. Bake on cookies are placed in the pan, brush over the other egg white beaten slightly, sprinkle with chopped almonds and sugar.

Farina Date Pudding.—While cooking farina or any of the fine cereals, sweeten and add a cupful of chopped dates. Finish cooking, stir in a teaspoonful of lemon juice and pour into a fancy mold to harden. Let stand until firm and serve with cream and sugar.

Clam Pie.—Mix two tablespoons of shortening into a quart of flour until it is like meal, adding two tablespoons of baking powder, a pinch of salt and ice-water to the consistency of pie crust. Roll out and bake like a shortcake. Split butter white hot and turn over the sauce and clams. Seal the clams in their own liquor, strain them out and reserve them. To the broth add a tablespoonful of flour mixed with two of fat, salt and pepper to taste. Return the clams to the sauce, boil up and pour over the shortcake. Oysters may be used in a similar fashion.

Baked Savory Eggs.—Cook in the shells as many eggs as there are people to serve. Prepare rounds of toast, butter slightly and put on the platter to be used for serving. Cut the eggs in halves lengthwise and take out the yolks. Put two halves on each piece of toast. Have ready some bits of tongue finely minced and cream it with the egg yolks, season with salt, pepper and butter and refill each egg white, making it round up in a small mound. Have a cupful of white sauce, thickened and seasoned with tomato catsup. Turn this hot over the toast around the eggs. Serve hot at once.

Many a man gets a reputation for dignity when he really is suffering from a stiff neck.

GOOD THINGS FOR THE TABLE.

Two or three bunches of green onions, cooked stems and all, and served on toast with a rich white sauce, makes a most tasty dish. Arrange as asparagus is served.

Sour Cream Omelet

Separate the yolks and whites of six eggs, add a teaspoonful of salt and a little pepper, beat thoroughly, and add three-fourths of a cupful of sour cream—and beat again. Whip the whites stiff, fold into the yolk mixture and pour into the omelet pan with a tablespoonful of hot fat. Cook gently until browned on the bottom, then set in the oven to cook on top. Fold and serve on a hot platter.

Chicken en Ramekins.—Take a cupful of diced chicken, add two chopped pimientos, and a cupful and a half of rich white sauce. Fill buttered ramekins and cover with buttered crumbs, place a whole almond in the center of each dish and brown in a hot oven.

Mary Pickford's Fried Chicken.—Dress and quarter two chickens. Beat two eggs, adding two teaspoonfuls of salt and a few dashes of pepper. Dip the chicken first in this, then in flour. Melt a half cupful of sweet fat in a hot pan and when sizzling hot add the chicken, brown well. Slice one onion and sprinkle over the chicken, then cover tight and simmer for one hour. Remove the chicken and add four tablespoons of flour, a pint each of heavy cream and milk. Let it boil up once and season well. Pour over the chicken and serve or serve the gravy in a separate dish.

Bean Scallops.—Soak a generous cupful of dried Lima beans over night. Drain off this water in the morning, cover with fresh water with a teaspoonful of salt and simmer over covered four hours, then add three onions cut in slices and cook another hour. Drain off most of the liquor, put into a baking dish, turn in a can of tomatoes, cover the top with buttered crumbs and bake in a moderate oven until the top is well browned.

Pot Cheese With Chives.—Wash and cut the chives as fine as possible, then mix with cottage cheese, adding cream from time to time as needed. Make into balls and turn over them a little sweet, thick cream.

Fruit Salad.—Cut a half-pound of marshmallows into small pieces. Cut up a few slices of pineapple, two or three bananas and an apple, all mixed with sweetened and flavored whipped cream. Garnish with cherries.

Notes of the Day

Kobe, one of the most interesting cities of Japan, is to have an elevated railway. It will connect Fukuji and Takatori with the center of the ancient city.

German sugar manufacturers have offered substantial cash prizes for improvements in harvesting and unloading sugar beets, one that amounts to \$2,380 being for the best apparatus and process for drying their leaves and tops.

Only what we have brought into our character during life can we take away with us.—Humboldt.

Light is the task when many share the toll.—Homer.

A PLATE OF PANCAKES.

There are many delectable pancakes with unexpected bits of finely chopped apple or a variety of spices and flavoring to offer a choice to the most exacting palate.

French or Jelly Pancakes.—Beat the yolks and whites of three eggs separately. To the yolks add one teaspoonful of sugar and a half teaspoonful of salt and a half cupful of milk. Stir in a half cupful of sifted flour, another half cupful of milk, one tablespoonful of melted fat and lastly the stiffly beaten whites of the eggs. One less egg and one-half a teaspoonful of baking powder may be used. Bake on a hot griddle, making the cakes slightly larger than usual. Spread each cake with jelly and roll white hot. Place on a platter and sprinkle with sugar, with a red-hot wire toaster scorch lines on the sugared cakes. This gives an attractive appearance and a slight flavor of burnt sugar.

Potato Pancakes.—Peel, wash and grate the potatoes, drain and to every two cupfuls allow one beaten egg, two tablespoons of flour and sufficient milk to make a stiff batter. Season with salt, pepper and onion juice. Cook in a frying pan in hot fat until well browned on both sides. Serve with meat and gravy.

Corn Pancakes With Tomato Sauce.—To each cupful of canned corn, allow one-beaten egg, a teaspoonful of melted butter, salt, pepper and sufficient flour and milk to make a batter. The quantities differ, varying as to the moisture of the corn. Fry on a hot griddle and serve with hamburger steak and tomato sauce. Place a round of the hamburger on each cake cover with tomato sauce and serve.

Layer Pancakes.—Mix two well-beaten eggs with two-cupfuls of milk and add gradually sufficient flour and milk to make a batter. Add a half teaspoonful each of salt and baking powder just before starting to bake the cakes. Make the cakes the size of a dessert plate and spread with butter and maple sugar. Keep hot until five are ready. Arrange like a layer cake and cut in wedge-shaped pieces when serving. With tea or cocoa this makes a nice luncheon dish.

A true diplomat can say something pleasant to a collector, even though he hopes never to see him again.

ECONOMICAL DISHES.

The following dishes will be found, many of them rather unusual, but worthy a place among the good things.

Potato Nut Croquettes.—Mix together in one dish two cupfuls of sweet potatoes cooked and mashed with half a

cupful of fresh chopped coconut. In another dish mix a cupful of mashed white potatoes with three tablespoons of finely chopped blanched almonds. Separate the yolks and whites of two eggs, beat the yolks slightly. Form the white potato mixture into small balls using the whites of the eggs, dust with white pepper. Roll the sweet potato mixture moistened with egg yolks around the white balls, forming them with the hands; dust with paprika and roll in finely minced parsley. Fry in deep fat. Drain and paper and serve hot.

East India Meat Balls.—Chop a pound of raw beef, two stalks of celery, one small onion, a tablespoonful of finely chopped parsley, a teaspoonful of curry powder, two eggs, a half cupful of boiled rice, salt and cayenne pepper to taste. Make into balls and cook in deep fat. Serve with a border of cooked rice and pour over all a highly seasoned tomato sauce.

Piquant Cheese Sandwiches.—Beat three eggs, and a cupful of sweet or sour cream, a tablespoonful of sweet fat, a tablespoonful of sugar, a little cayenne and a teaspoonful of mustard. Cook over boiling water until thick. Heat three tablespoons of mild vinegar and add it to the cream mixture. Cook a minute then add a pound and a half of rich cheese and four tablespoons of finely chopped green or red peppers with a teaspoonful of salt. Just let the cheese melt. This makes dressing enough to spread several dozen sandwiches.

Pottage.—Chop four small onions and cook in two tablespoons of fat until soft and yellow. Add a can of red kidney beans, a can of tomatoes, simmer until soft enough to force through a sieve and when ready to serve add a pinch of soda and this with hot milk. Season well with salt and pepper.

Bananas browned in a little hot fat or cooked until well heated, then served as a vegetable with steak, makes a most tasty dish.

Julie Bottomey

Mothers and Children.

No one can tell us exactly the things it is best to do with children. But if we begin to watch and think, read when we can and exchange experiences with other mothers, many suggestions will be found to meet our needs. Take a glimpse backward into your own childhood and many ideas will occur to you in that way. And through it all we will find that the children are helping to bring us up, too. Courage and joy prolong life, and we can well afford to stand and wait.

Frederic C. Rockford of Chicago, a

cook at Camp Grant, received \$80,000 from his father, as a reward for his patriotism when he enlisted in the army.

The Germans are using a special skyrocket as an antiaircraft measure. Bursting, it illuminates a wide area. So intense is the glare that aviators coming within range of the device are temporarily blinded.

Machinery suitable for making silk and cotton for gloves is needed in France.

What Well Dressed

Women Will Wear



SPRING DRESSES FOR LITTLE GIRLS.

Spring dresses for little girls are abundantly displayed just now and all women appear to enjoy looking at them. Surely she who has no interest in any little one is missing something that belongs to her; for these little dresses bring a smile and a lingering look to all eyes.

Cottons are fine and smooth as those worn in French looms, and exhibiting colors, gay and soft, unlike the sections of stripes where the dresses are shown as bright as spring gardens. These fine cottons are the product of American looms and these lovely colors show how great an advance has been made in the manufacture of American dyes.

The dress at the left is so adequately pictured that it hardly needs description. It is shown in several patterns of fine line and is made with pockets cut on the diagonal, narrow bias banding and a collar of plain chambray of the same color as the dark bar in the gingham. The little dress at the right is of Peter Pan collar, much like a smooth chambray but softer. It is shown in light yellow, medium shade of blue and two or three pink tones. There is a smoked panel between plait at the front and back and collar and cuffs of white cotton, with buttonhole scallops on the edges.

An effective sports skirt is made of a crossbar in two colors, as tan barred with blue, set on to a yoke that is extended into pockets at each side and cut from plain blue material. The

For centuries GOLD MEDAL Haarlem

Oil has been a standard household remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and stomach trouble, and all diseases connected with the urinary organs. The kidneys and bladder are the most important organs of the body. They are the filters, the purifiers of your blood. If the poisons which enter your system through the blood and stomach are not entirely thrown out by the kidneys and bladder you are doomed.

Weariness, sleeplessness, nervousness, depression, backache, stomach trouble, headache, pain in loins, and lower abdomen, gaiteritis, gravel, difficulty when urinating, cloudy and bloody urine, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, all warn you to look after your kidneys and bladder. GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules are what you need.

They are not a "patent medicine" nor a "new discovery." For 200 years they have been a standard household remedy. They are the pure, original, imported Haarlem Oil your great-grandfather used, and are perfectly harmless. The healing, soothing oil soaks into the cells and lining of the kidneys and through the bladder, driving out the poisonous germs. New life, fresh strength and health will come as you continue this treatment. When completely restored to your usual vigor, continue taking one capsule or two each day. They will keep you in condition and prevent a return of the disease.

Do not delay a minute. Delays are especially dangerous in kidney and bladder trouble. All reliable druggists sell GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules. They will refund the money if not as represented. In three sizes, sealed packages. Ask for the original imported GOLD MEDAL. Accept no substitutes.

Canada made me Prosperous

—that's what thousands of farmers say, who have gone from the U. S. to settle on homesteads or buy land in Western Canada. Saskatchewan or Alberta is especially attractive. She wants farmers to make money and happy, prosperous homes for themselves by helping her raise immense wheat crops to feed the world.

You Can Get a Homestead of 160 Acres Free

or other lands at very low prices. Where you can buy good farm land at \$15 to \$30 per acre that will raise 20 to 45 bushels of \$2 wheat to the acre—it's easy to become prosperous. Canadian farmers also grow wonderful crops of Oats, Barley and Flax. Mixed Farming is fully as profitable an industry as grain raising. The excellent grasses, full of nutrition, are the only food required either for beef or dairy purposes. Good schools and churches, markets convenient, climate excellent. Write for literature and particulars as to reduced railway rates to Supt. of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to

M. V. McINNIS

176 Jefferson Ave., Detroit, Mich.

Canadian Government Agents

Quite So.

First Russian Leader—Did you hear that the Finns are about to declare their independence?

Second Ditto—Here's a pretty kettle of fish!

Important to Mothers. Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of J. C. Fletchering.

In Use for Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

No, Robert, the starboard of a steamer is not reserved for the star boarders.

Dr. J. H. Jovett, New York, will return to clerical work in England.

Woes of the Rich.

"It must be nice to have a lady's maid." "Yes, but it's annoying the days the cook doesn't come and you have to cook for the lady's maid," said the other lady with a sigh.—Louisville Courier-Journal

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SELF DEFENSE

Defeat Backache and Kidney Trouble With Anuric

Many people in this section have suffered from rheumatism and kidney trouble and have found that Anuric was the most successful remedy to overcome these painful and dangerous ailments. The lucky people are those who have suffered, but who are now well because they needed nature's warning signal in time to correct their trouble with that wonderful new discovery of Dr. Pierce's called "An-u-ric" (double strength). You should promptly heed these warnings, some of which are dizzy spells, backache, irregularity of the urine or the painful twinges of rheumatism, sciatica or lumbago. To delay may make possible the dangerous forms of kidney disease, such as stones in the bladder. If you want quick relief buy Anuric now (two packages) or send Dr. Pierce 10c for trial pack. This will prove that "Anuric" stimulates uric acid as hot water melts sugar.

Smoking in Church.

Smoking in church is a Dutch custom, London Tit-Bits states. Dutchmen are such inveterate smokers that rarely is one of them seen without a pipe. He finds himself unable to deprive himself of the indulgence, even for the short period of a church service. A similar practice exists in several churches in South America.

The practice is said to have been prevalent in Great Britain at the beginning of the seventeenth century. At one time smoking was carried to such an excess in Seville cathedral that the chapter applied to the pope for power to repress the abuse.

In Wales smoking in church was indulged in as late as 1850. In one church the communion table stood in the aisle and the farmers were in the habit of putting their hats upon it, and when the service began they lighted their pipes and smoked, without any thoughts of irreverence in the act.

GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER

has been a household remedy all over the civilized world for more than half a century for constipation, intestinal troubles, torpid liver and the generally depressed feeling that accompanies such disorders. It is a most valuable remedy for indigestion or nervous dyspepsia and liver trouble, bringing on headache, coming up of food, palpitation of heart and many other symptoms. A few doses of August Flower will immediately relieve you. It is a gentle laxative. Ask your druggist. Sold in all civilized countries.—Adv.

One's Convictions.

"What is your definition of a philosopher?" asked the old fox. "A philosopher," replied the grouch, "is a man who studies and analyzes his own weaknesses and makes other men wonder how he discovered their weaknesses."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

For Pimples Faces.

To remove pimples and blackheads smear them with Cuticura Ointment. Wash off in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water. For free samples, address "Cuticura," Dept. N., Boston. At druggists and by mail. Soap 25c, Ointment 25c and 50c.—Adv.

Of Course.

"He—They are going to toast the football players tomorrow." "She—On the gridiron?"—Boston Transcript.

YOU NEED NOT SUFFER WITH BACKACHE AND RHEUMATISM

For centuries GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil has been a standard household remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and stomach trouble, and all diseases connected with the urinary organs. The kidneys and bladder are the most important organs of the body. They are the filters, the purifiers of your blood. If the poisons which enter your system through the blood and stomach are not entirely thrown out by the kidneys and bladder you are doomed.

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MUCH SAID IN FEW WORDS

Detroit, Mich.—"I consider that Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery saved my father's life. He was sick for about one year and a half. Finally he got very bad, was so bad he was spitting blood and the doctors said there was no hope for him. We got him the Golden Medical Discovery and it gave him relief to a certain extent in less than 24 hours, and in a year he was as well as ever—well and hearty ever afterwards."—MRS. LINDA SMITH, 279 Junction Ave., All Druggists. Liquid or tablets. Send Dr. V. M. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., 10 cents for trial package of tablets. Large package 60c.—Adv.



How He Got His Man.

PROCEEDINGS

Board of Supervisors
OF CRAWFORD COUNTY

January Session 1918.

At a meeting of the Board of Supervisors of Crawford County held pursuant to adjournment from the October session 1917, at the Court House in the village of Grayling in said County, at one o'clock p. m. on Monday, January 7th 1918.

Members present—M. A. Bates, Charles Craven, Frank E. Love, Absent—James F. Knibbs, James E. Kellogg, Oliver B. Scott.
Supervisor Bates in the chair:
No quorum present on motion duly seconded, the Board adjourned until Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock a. m. Jan. 8th, 1918.

Melvin A. Bates, chairman.
Frank Sales, clerk.

TUESDAY SESSION

Board met pursuant to adjournment. Roll called, present—M. A. Bates, Charles Craven, Frank E. Love, James E. Kellogg.
Absent—Oliver B. Scott, James F. Knibbs.
Board called to order by the chairman.

Minutes of the previous meeting read and approved.
On motion duly seconded, the Board adjourned until this afternoon at one o'clock, to await the arrival of the members absent before taking up the order of business. Thereupon the Board adjourned.

AFTERNOON SESSION

Board met pursuant to adjournment. Roll called—all members present. A quorum being present, the first order of business was taken into consideration relative to joint action by the Board of Supervisors of Crawford County with that of Roscommon County, details of which were presented to the Board of Supervisors of Crawford County by Mr. Wm. F. Johnston of Roscommon, in regard to an appropriation and recommendation of the appointment of an agent, to be designated as County agent for the Counties of Crawford and Roscommon. Then ensued a discussion in detail, on the advantages to be derived from such action as should be taken by the Board of Supervisors of Crawford County.

Moved by Scott, supported by Kellogg that the Board adjourn until tomorrow morning at eight o'clock a. m. Motion carried.

Melvin A. Bates, chairman.
Frank Sales, clerk.

January 9th, 1918.
Board met pursuant to adjournment. Roll called, present—M. A. Bates, Charles Craven, Frank E. Love, James E. Kellogg, Oliver B. Scott.
Absent—James F. Knibbs.

Minutes of the previous meeting read and approved.
Supervisor Bates in the chair.
Resolution by Mr. Scott:

Resolved, that whereas, the County Agricultural Agent plan as instituted by the United States Department of Agriculture, is in the opinion of this Board, of great advantage to the agricultural interests of the Counties of this State, and whereas, under the present plan of the Federal Government paying the salaries of such agent, and partial arrangement having been made for the joining of Crawford and Roscommon counties in one district with one agent, therefore be it resolved, that the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars be, that the same is hereby appropriated as—Crawford County's share of the expense of such agent for the ensuing year to be paid such agent when appointed, in equal monthly installments and the clerk of this Board be and is hereby authorized to draw the orders for the monthly installments, on the treasurer of this County, and be it further resolved, that we recommend the appointment of Wm. F. Johnston as such County Agricultural Agent.

Oliver B. Scott,
Supervisor of South Branch.
Supervisor Scott moved the adoption of the resolution. Supported by Love. Yea—Bates, Craven, Kellogg, Scott, Love.

Nay—none. Resolution declared adopted.
Moved by Love, supported by Scott that the claims and accounts on file with the clerk be referred to the committee on Claims and Accounts.

Motion carried.
In the absence of a motion to the contrary, the chairman declared a recess to enable the committee to complete the audit of claims and accounts.

At 11:30 o'clock the committee arose and asked for further time.
Moved by Love, supported by Scott, that the Board adjourn until one o'clock this afternoon. Motion prevailed.

AFTERNOON SESSION

Board met pursuant to adjournment. Committee on claims and accounts retired for the purpose of completing their report on claims and accounts and at three-thirty o'clock announced their report complete and submitted same as follows:

Grayling, Michigan,
Jan. 9th, 1918.
To the Honorable Board of Supervisors:

Your committee on claims and accounts would respectfully submit the following as their report, and do recommend that the several amounts scheduled herein be allowed, also that the clerk of this Board be authorized to draw orders on the County Treasurer for the same.

Claimant	Character of Claim	Claimed	Allowed
1. C. & J. Gregory, supplies.....		\$ 10.50	\$ 10.50
2. J. S. Harrington, truant work.....		15.36	15.36
3. John F. Hum, stamps.....		5.00	5.00
4. Grayling Electric Co., lights and supplies.....		28.72	28.72
5. Salling Hanson Co., wood for infirmary.....		150.00	150.00
6. Doubleday Bros. & Co., supplies.....		11.70	11.70
7. Handy Bros. Mining Co., coal.....		158.00	158.00
8. Ihling Bros. & Everard, office supplies.....		27.25	27.25
9. Ihling Bros. & Everard, office supplies.....		13.73	13.73
10. Ihling Bros. & Everard, office supplies.....		57.77	57.77
11. Sorenson Bros., supplies.....		1.25	1.25
12. Doubleday Bros. & Co., supplies.....		4.06	4.06
13. Orson Corwin, draying.....		2.45	2.45
14. Grayling Telephone, service.....		1.15	1.15
15. Northwestern Mfg. Co., supplies.....		22.50	22.50
16. County Treasurer Purchase dept., express.....		1.07	1.07
17. Michigan Central R. R., freight on coal.....		29.30	29.30
18. Richmond-Bachus Co., supplies.....		.65	.65
19. A. E. Wakely, wood.....		6.00	6.00
20. Grayling Telephone Co., services.....		6.15	6.15
21. Doubleday Bros. & Co., supplies.....		.66	.66
22. Northwestern Mfg. Co., supplies.....		15.50	15.50
23. Crawford Avalauche, printing.....		63.00	63.00
24. Salling Hanson Co., wood.....		48.00	48.00
25. Doubleday Bros. & Co., supplies.....		11.68	11.68
26. Michigan Central R. R., freight charges.....		36.89	36.89
27. Sun Coal Co., coal.....		224.87	224.87
28. J. S. Harrington, truant work.....		9.14	9.14
29. J. S. Harrington, truant work.....		11.00	11.00
30. Simpson Co., supplies.....		2.55	2.55
31. Peter Abbit, sup't of poor services.....		12.38	12.38
32. E. S. Houghton, express bill.....		.83	.83
33. American Express, express bill.....		.29	.29
34. O. P. Schumann, drawing jury.....		2.00	2.00
35. George Mahon, drawing jury.....		2.00	2.00
36. Wm. H. Cody, drawing jury.....		2.00	2.00
37. Frank Sales, County Clerk, payment of express.....		.95	.95
38. Len Isenhauer, hauling coal.....		24.38	24.38
39. Peter Nelson, fox bounty.....		1.00	1.00
40. Dan Stephan, fox bounty.....		1.00	1.00
41. Leon Stephan, fox bounty.....		1.00	1.00
42. Dan Stephan, fox bounty.....		1.00	1.00
43. Otto McIntyre, fox bounty.....		1.00	1.00
44. Anton Johnson, fox bounty.....		2.00	2.00
45. Otto McIntyre, fox bounty.....		1.00	1.00
46. George L. Stephan, fox bounty.....		1.00	1.00
47. Leon Stephan, fox bounty.....		1.00	1.00
48. H. W. Steward, fox bounty.....		1.00	1.00
49. Otto McIntyre, fox bounty.....		1.00	1.00
50. Henry F. Scott, fox bounty.....		7.00	7.00
51. Peter Nelson, fox bounty.....		1.00	1.00
52. John G. Stephan, fox bounty.....		1.00	1.00
53. George L. Stephan, fox bounty.....		1.00	1.00
54. C. H. Hataway, weasel bounty.....		.50	.50
55. Clare Madson, weasel bounty.....		.50	.50
56. H. H. Failing, weasel bounty.....		.50	.50
57. Peter Failing, weasel bounty.....		.50	.50
58. Ned Sanford, hawk or owl bounty.....		.50	.50
59. Albert Borchers, hawk or owl bounty.....		.50	.50
60. Lester J. Royce, hawk or owl bounty.....		.50	.50
61. William Miller, hawk or owl bounty.....		.50	.50
62. Arthur Wakeley Jr., hawk or owl bounty.....		.50	.50
63. Arthur Wakeley Jr., hawk or owl bounty.....		.50	.50
64. Hans R. Nelson, hawk or owl bounty.....		.50	.50
65. Leon Stephan, hawk or owl bounty.....		.50	.50
66. Ihling Bros. & Everard, supplies.....		27.50	27.50
67. Frank Deckrow, plumbing.....		54.10	54.10
68. Grayling Telephone Co., services.....		28.25	28.25
69. L. J. Kraus, hardware.....		4.75	4.75
70. Sorenson Bros., casket and hearse.....		55.00	55.00
71. W. H. Ketzbeck, labor.....		2.00	2.00
72. Crawford Avalauche, printing.....		24.80	24.80
73. Oscar Charron, wood.....		6.25	6.25 referred to poor comm.
74. J. E. Kellogg, Dr. McKinnon bill in Bower's case.....		10.00	10.00
75. Sorenson Bros., undertaker's bill.....		49.35	49.35 referred to poor comm.

Mr. Craven moved that the report be accepted and adopted. Mr. Kellogg supported the motion. Motion carried. Yea and nay vote called. All members voting yea. Report declared accepted and adopted.

Moved by Mr. Scott, supported by Mr. Kellogg, that Mr. Chas. Craven and Mr. Frank E. Love be and are hereby selected to represent the Board of Supervisors of Crawford County at the annual meeting of the Northeastern Michigan Development Bureau, and that the clerk be and is hereby authorized to draw an order of \$15.00 for each Supervisor selected to defray their expense while in attendance at this meeting. Yea and nay vote called.

Yea—Bates, Craven, Knibbs, Love, Kellogg, Scott.
Nay—none. Motion declared accepted and adopted.

Moved by Mr. Craven, supported by Mr. Scott that Supervisors Bates and Kellogg be selected as representatives of the Board of Supervisors at the nineteenth annual meeting of the State Supervisors' Association, to be held in Lansing, Mich. on Feb. 5-7, 1918, and that the necessary expenses of these representatives be paid from the general fund of the County, and that the clerk be and is hereby authorized to draw an order on the treasurer for the same upon submission to him of an itemized expense account. Yea and nay vote called.

Yea—Bates, Craven, Knibbs, Kellogg, Love, Scott.
Nay—none. Motion declared accepted and adopted.

Moved by Mr. Scott, supported by Mr. Knibbs that a committee consisting of the chairman and clerk of this Board, be directed to correspond with the adjoining counties with reference to bringing about an alternate closed season on deer hunting in these respective counties. Motion carried.

Moved by Love, supported by Scott that the Board adjourn until eight o'clock tomorrow morning. Motion carried.

Melvin A. Bates, chairman.
Frank Sales, clerk.

Board met pursuant to adjournment. Roll called, present—M. A. Bates, Charles Craven, James F. Knibbs, Frank E. Love, James E. Kellogg, Oliver B. Scott.
Absent—none.

Supervisor Bates in the chair.
Minutes of the previous meeting read and approved.
Resignation of Edward S. Houghton, County Treasurer, directed to the Board of Supervisors, its chairman, clerk, Judge of Probate and Prosecuting Attorney, read.

Moved by Craven, supported by Scott that the Board resolve to a committee of the whole and proceed to settle with the County Treasurer.

Yea—Bates, Craven, Knibbs, Kellogg, Love, Scott.
Nay—none.

REPORT OF COUNTY TREASURER.			
To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of Crawford County, Michigan:			
Gentlemen:—The following report covering the receipts and disbursements of this office from September 30, 1917, to January 1, 1918, is respectfully submitted.			
Dated January 3, 1918. Edward S. Houghton, County Treasurer.			
CASH ACCOUNT.			
Oct. 1, 1917, by balance.....	\$14963 98	Oct. 1, 1917, to disb.....	\$ 5117 93
Nov. 30, 1917, by receipts.....	435 03	Nov. 30, 1917, to disb.....	2563 35
Nov. 30, 1917, by receipts.....	976 56	Dec. 31, 1917, to disb.....	2042 17
Dec. 31, 1917, by receipts.....	2239 58	Dec. 31, 1917, to balance.....	\$891 70
	\$18615 15		\$18615 15
CONTINGENT FUND.			
Oct. 31, 1917, to disb.....	\$ 2809 13	Oct. 1, 1917, by bal.....	\$ 6333 96
Nov. 30, 1917, to disb.....	663 31	Oct. 31, 1917, by receipts.....	77 71
Dec. 31, 1917, to disb.....	1187 91	Nov. 30, 1917, by receipts.....	165 82
To balance.....	2066 19	Dec. 31, 1918, by receipts.....	129 05
	\$ 7264 54		\$ 6726 54
POOR FUND.			
Oct. 31, 1917, to disb.....	\$ 208 53	Oct. 1, 1917, by bal.....	\$ 540 09
Nov. 30, 1917, to disb.....	224 88	Oct. 31, 1917, by receipts.....	3 00
Dec. 31, 1917, to disb.....	135 66	Dec. 31, 1917, by balance.....	22 97
	\$ 566 06		\$ 566 06
LIBRARY FUND.			
Oct. 1, 1917, by bal.....	\$ 270 98	Oct. 31, 1917, by receipts.....	13 00
Nov. 30, 1917, by receipts.....	47 00	Nov. 30, 1917, by receipts.....	47 00
Dec. 31, 1917, by receipts.....	95 00	Dec. 31, 1917, by receipts.....	95 00
	\$ 425 98		\$ 425 98
TEACHERS' INSTITUTE FUND.			
Oct. 31, 1917, to disb.....	\$ 25 00	Oct. 1, 1917, by bal.....	\$ 25 00
Dec. 31, 1917, to balance.....	2 00	Oct. 31, 1917, by receipts.....	2 00
	\$ 27 00		\$ 27 00
VILLAGE OF GRAYLING.			
Oct. 31, 1917, to disb.....	\$ 134 21	Oct. 1, 1917, by balance.....	\$ 134 21
Dec. 31, 1917, to balance.....	135 85	Oct. 31, 1917, by receipts.....	60 37
	\$ 270 06	Nov. 30, 1917, by receipts.....	44 67
		Dec. 31, 1917, by receipts.....	30 81
			\$ 270 06
UNCLAIMED ACCOUNT.			
Dec. 31, 1917, to bal.....	\$ 19 25	Oct. 1, 1917.....	\$ 19 25
	\$ 19 25		\$ 19 25
STATE ACCOUNT.			
Oct. 31, 1917, to disb.....	\$ 22 50	Oct. 1, 1917, by bal.....	\$ 530 37
Nov. 30, 1917, to disb.....	11 00	Oct. 31, 1917, by receipts.....	53 54
Dec. 31, 1917, to disb.....	784 64	Nov. 30, 1917, by receipts.....	362 74
Dec. 31, 1917, to balance.....	194 45	Dec. 31, 1917, by receipts.....	65 94
	\$ 1012 59		\$ 1012 59
HUNTER'S LICENSE FUND.			
Dec. 31, 1917, to disb.....	\$ 71 00	Oct. 1, 1917, by balance.....	\$ 66 25
Dec. 31, 1917, to balance.....	67 00	Nov. 30, 1917, by receipts.....	71 75
	\$ 138 00		\$ 138 00
SOLDIERS' RELIEF FUND.			
Dec. 31, 1917, to balance.....	\$ 36 32	Oct. 1, 1917, by balance.....	\$ 36 32
	\$ 36 32		\$ 36 32
COUNTY ROAD COMMISSION.			
Oct. 1, 1917, by balance.....	\$ 3282 62	Dec. 31, 1917, by receipts.....	102 03
Dec. 31, 1917, to balance.....	\$ 5047 34	Dec. 31, 1917, by receipts.....	1662 79
	\$ 5047 34		\$ 5047 34
BRAVER CREEK TOWNSHIP.			
Oct. 31, 1917.....	\$ 257 40	Oct. 1, 1917, by balance.....	\$ 257 40
Dec. 31, 1917, to balance.....	185 83	Oct. 31, 1917, by receipts.....	98 90
	\$ 443 23	Nov. 30, 1917, by receipts.....	57 15
		Dec. 31, 1917, by receipts.....	443 23
GRAYLING TOWNSHIP.			
Oct. 31, 1917.....	\$ 853 11	Oct. 1, 1917, by balance.....	\$ 853 11
Dec. 31, 1917, to balance.....	274 29	Oct. 31, 1917, by receipt.....	53 08
	\$ 1127 40	Nov. 30, 1917, by receipt.....	67 10
		Dec. 31, 1917, by receipt.....	154 11
	\$ 1227 40		\$ 1227 40
MAPLE FOREST TOWNSHIP.			
Oct. 31, 1917, to disb.....	\$ 144 65	Oct. 1, 1917, by bal.....	\$ 144 65
Dec. 31, 1917, to balance.....	51 31	Nov. 30, 1917, by receipts.....	25 49
	\$ 230 46	Dec. 31, 1917, by receipts.....	60 32
			\$ 230 46
FREDERIC TOWNSHIP.			
Oct. 31, 1917, to disb.....	\$ 509 17	Oct. 1, 1917, by balance.....	\$ 509 17
Dec. 31, 1917, to balance.....	78 39	Oct. 31, 1917, by receipts.....	1 08
	\$ 587 56	Nov. 30, 1917, by receipts.....	17 62
		Dec. 31, 1917, by receipts.....	59 69
			\$ 587 56
LOVELLS TOWNSHIP.			
Oct. 31, 1917, to disb.....	\$ 157 23	Oct. 1, 1917, by balance.....	\$ 157 23
Dec. 31, 1917, to balance.....	63 80	Oct. 31, 1917, by receipts.....	28 16
	\$ 221 03	Dec. 31, 1917, by receipts.....	35 64
			\$ 221 03
SOUTH BRANCH TOWNSHIP.			
Nov. 30, 1917, to disb.....	\$ 164 19	Oct. 1, 1917, by balance.....	\$ 164 19
Dec. 31, 1917, to balance.....	112 89	Oct. 31, 1917, by receipts.....	6 28
	\$ 277 08	Nov. 30, 1917, by receipts.....	80 47
		Dec. 31, 1917, by receipts.....	26 14
			\$ 277 08
GEORGE RANGER ESTATE.			
Dec. 31, 1917, to balance.....	\$ 119 28	Oct. 1, 1917, by balance.....	\$ 119 28
	\$ 119 28		\$ 119 28
BALANCE ACCOUNT.			
Cash.....	\$8891 70		
Contingent.....	2066 19		
Poor.....	22 97		
Library.....	425 98		
Institute.....	2 00		
Village of Grayling.....	435 85		
Unclaimed account.....	19 25		
State.....	194 45		
Hunters' license.....	67 00		
Soldiers' relief.....	36 32		
County Road Commission.....	5047 34		
Beaver Creek township.....	274 29		
Grayling township.....	85 81		
Maple Forest township.....	78 39		
Frederic township.....	63 80		
Lovells township.....	112 89		
South Branch township.....	119 28		
George Ranger estate.....	119 28		
	\$8914 67		\$8914 67

Moved by Knibbs supported by Craven that the proposition as presented to the Board through its chairman, by the Village of Grayling, that the matter of the location of the Public convenience Station be referred from being placed in the County Court house or on the court house ground. Motion carried.

Moved by Knibbs, supported by Scott that permission be granted the Village of Grayling, for storage of the Village Chemical Fire Truck, in the room over the boiler-room of the heating plant, provided